AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-02-076, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07)

- WAC 314-24-040 Wine labels—Federal certificate of label approval required—Labels to be submitted. (1) No wine shall be imported or sold within the state of Washington until the certificate of approval holder, or domestic winery, or United States importer of foreign wine, shall have (($\frac{1}{2}$)) submitted to the board ($\frac{1}{2}$):
- (a) The federal certificate of label approval for such wine(((1) A request for certificate of label approval must be submitted to the board on forms prescribed by the board, together with the following:
- (a))) which has been issued by the Tax and Trade Bureau, U.S. Treasury Department; and
- (b) One label of the brand and type for which ((approval))
 tracking is requested for wines under seven percent alcohol by
 volume((; and
- (b) One copy of the federal certificate of label approval for such wine which has been issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms, U.S. Treasury Department)).
- (2) Any change in label or product which requires reissuance of federal approval under the provisions of 27 C $_{\cdot}$ F $_{\cdot}$ R $_{\cdot}$ Part 4, must also be submitted to the board in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this regulation.
- (3) Every producer, importer, bottler, distributor, or wine certificate of approval holder shall, upon request of the board or its authorized representative, furnish without cost to the board, samples of any brand of wine upon its premises for the purpose of analysis in order to determine whether the wine conforms to the quality standards set by the board in WAC 314-24-060 and conforms with commercial standards.
 - (4) No label shall be used that is misleading.
- (5) No label ((will be approved which)) shall be used that is designed to be ((especially)) appealing to children or other persons under legal age to consume. Persons who appear to be under legal age to consume may be depicted on a label when, in the discretion of the board, the depiction is dignified and does not promote illegal consumption of liquor.
- (6) Wineries are not required to ((obtain a certificate of label approval from)) submit labels for tracking to the board for wine sold directly to Washington consumers under a direct shipper's permit. Wine labels may not be misleading and may not be designed to appeal especially to persons under the age of twenty-one.

WAC 314-24-070 Domestic wineries--Purchase and use of bulk wines, brandy or wine spirits--Import permit required--Records--Wine returned to Washington. (1) Domestic wineries may purchase and receive under federal bond from any holder of a domestic winery license, holder of the fruit and/or wine distillery license provided in ((section 23-D of the Washington State Liquor Act (+)) RCW 66.24.140((+)), or out-of-state holder of a federal winery or fruit distillery basic permit, bulk wine, brandy or bulk wine spirits manufactured or produced by such holder, and use the same in the manufacture or production of wines: Provided, That every domestic winery which imports wine, brandy or wine spirits manufactured outside the state of Washington for use as authorized in this section must first be in possession of a permit issued by the board, in accordance with RCW 66.20.010(5) of the Washington State Liquor Act. Applications for such permits must be submitted to the board in writing. Such permits expire at the end of the board's fiscal year, and are subject to renewal at that time upon written request and remittance of said annual fee. manufactured or produced from one kind of fruit or berry may not receive wine, brandy or wine spirits manufactured or produced from another kind of fruit or berry. Such brandy or wine spirits so purchased shall be used exclusively and only for the purpose of adding wine spirits to wines. In those cases where the holder of a domestic winery license shall also hold such fruit and/or wine distillery license, then, and in such cases, such domestic winery may use brandy or wine spirits manufactured or produced under such distillery license as a wine spirits addition in the manufacture or production of wine by such holder of the domestic winery license.

- (2) Any domestic winery using wine, brandy or wine spirits as provided in subsection (1) of this section, shall make and file with the board, not later than the tenth day of each month upon forms prescribed and furnished by the board, a report showing all transactions of such domestic winery in the purchase and/or use of wine, brandy or wine spirits as provided in said subsection (1), and shall retain one copy of such report in its own files, and shall keep and preserve for a period of not less than two years any bills of lading or other documents supporting such report. One copy of the bill of lading covering such sale and shipment to a domestic winery is to be forwarded to the board by the shipping winery or fruit distillery, at the time of such shipment.
- (3) A domestic winery may ship Washington wine out of and may return such wine to Washington state for ultimate sale. The following conditions apply:
 - (a) The wine is produced in Washington by a licensed winery.
- (b) The export shall be from the licensed winery and returned to the same entity.
- (c) The returned wine must not have been altered in any way, with the exception of sparkling wine.
 - (d) A domestic winery returning previously exported Washington

wine must comply with tax collection and tracking requirements initiated by the liquor control board.

(e) A domestic winery must keep on file for audit purposes clear source records (shipping documents, etc.) with monthly reporting documents. Records need to indicate what wine was returned to the state that was previously reported as an export (including number of cases and gallons).

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 00-17-065, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00)

- WAC 314-24-160 Domestic wineries--Retail sales of wine on winery premises--Wine served without charge on premises--Spirit, beer and wine restaurant operation. (1) A domestic winery holding a proper retail license, pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW, may sell wine of its own production at retail on the winery premises.
- (2) In selling wine of its own production at retail on its premises as provided in subsection (1) of this regulation, a domestic winery shall conduct such operation in conformity with the statutes and regulations which apply to holders of such wine retailers' licenses. The winery shall maintain records of its retail operation separate from other winery operation records.
- (3) Upon written authorization of the board, pursuant to RCW 66.04.011, wine of a domestic winery's own production and/or liquor products other than wine of a licensee's own production may be consumed in designated parks and picnic areas adjacent to and held by the same ownership as the domestic winery.
- (4) A domestic winery or a lessee of a licensed domestic winery operating a spirit, beer and wine restaurant, licensed pursuant to RCW ((66.28.010)) 66.28.295, shall conduct such operation in conformity with the statutes and regulations which apply to holders of such spirit, beer and wine restaurant licenses.
- (5) A domestic winery may serve its own wine and wine not of its own production without charge on the winery premises as authorized by RCW ((66.28.040)) 66.28.295.
- (6) No retail license or fee is required for the holder of a domestic winery license to serve wine without charge on the winery premises as set forth in subsection (5) of this regulation. Before exercising this privilege, however, such winery shall obtain approval of the proposed service area and facilities. Such winery shall maintain a separate record of all wine so served.
- (7) A winery is required to obtain the appropriate retail license to sell beer, wine, or spirits on the winery premises that is not of its own production.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 98-18-097, filed 9/2/98, effective 10/3/98)

- WAC 314-24-180 Wine distributors, wine importers--Certain rights granted. (1) Wine distributors may sell to ((the board)) retailers, export wine from the state, and purchase wine from or sell wine to another wine distributor.
- (2) <u>Wine distributors must sell and deliver product from their licensed premises.</u>
- (3) Wine importers may sell to the board, export wine from the state, or sell to wine distributors, but may not sell to another wine importer or to retailers.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-01-090, filed 12/16/09, effective 1/16/10)

- WAC 314-24-190 Wine suppliers and distributors. ((RCW 66.28.180 requires wine distributors and suppliers to maintain all current and prior price lists at its liquor licensed location.))
 - (1) **Definitions ((—))** $\underline{-}$ For the purposes of this chapter:
- (a) ((A "price list" means a declaration of the prices at which any and all brands of wine and any and all packages within a brand are to be sold by the person maintaining the list. Distributors must maintain a price list showing all such prices for sales to retailers. Each supplier functioning as a distributor must maintain a price list showing all such prices for sales to retailers as well as showing such prices for sales to distributors. The price list will contain the wholesale prices at which any and all brands of wine sold by the supplier or distributor shall be available to retailers within the state.
- $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$) A "wine supplier" means a domestic winery, certificate of approval holder, wine importer, wine distributor acting as the first United States importer, or a distributor selling wine to another distributor.
- $((\frac{c}))$ <u>(b)</u> A "wine distributor" means a distributor selling to a retailer, a domestic winery acting as a distributor, or a certificate of approval holder with a direct shipping to Washington retailer endorsement selling wine of its own production to a retailer.
- (2) **Products** ((and price lists—If a wine supplier or distributor lists selected items on which prices are temporarily reduced, the prices must clearly reflect all items and the selling price.)) All products must be made available to all retail licensees to the extent it is reasonably practical to do so ((and all retail licensees must be given reasonable notice of all prices and price changes)).
 - (3) Distributor changes((--)):
 - (a) The following guidelines apply when a wine supplier makes

a distributor change outside of the regular distributor appointment timelines. The supplier must notify the board in writing that he/she wishes to change his/her current distributor and appoint a new distributor to be effective immediately.

- (b) A wine supplier must notify the board if any of the contracts or agreements listed in this rule are revised or terminated by either party.
- (4) ((Price lists for new distributors—When the board issues a new wine distributor license, the licensee must have a price list available.
- (5)) Accommodation sales((--))_-_The provisions of this rule do not apply when a wine distributor makes an accommodation sale to another wine distributor and this sale is made at a selling price that does not exceed the laid-in cost of the wine being sold. Accommodation sales may only be made when the distributor purchasing the wine is an appointed distributor of the supplier, when the distributor is an authorized purchaser of the brand and product being sold, and when the supplying distributor is appointed by the supplier.