

Notice of Permanent Rules to Implement 2012 Legislation for Small Winery Annual Reporting

This explanatory statement concerns the Washington State Liquor Control Board's adoption of rule changes to implement 2012 legislation for Small wineries to report annually.

The Administrative Procedure Act (RCW 34.05.325(6)) requires agencies to complete a concise explanatory statement before filing adopted rules with the Office of the Code Reviser. This statement must be provided to anyone who gave comment about the proposed rule making.

Once persons who gave comment during this rule making have had a chance to receive this document, the Liquor Control Board will file the amended rules with the Office of the Code Reviser. These rule changes will become effective 31 days after filing (approximately January 6, 2013).

The Liquor Control Board appreciates your involvement in this rule making process. If you have any questions, please contact Karen McCall, Rules Coordinator, at (360) 664-1631 or e-mail at rules@liq.wa.gov.

What are the agency's reasons for adopting this rule?

Rules needed to be revised to implement SB 5259 Tax payment and reporting requirements of small wineries that passed in the 2012 legislative session.

Summary of all public comments received on this rule proposal.

The Liquor Control Board received no comments on this rulemaking at the public hearing held November 28, 2012.

WAC Changes

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-02-076, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07)

WAC 314-19-005 What is the purpose of chapter 314-19 WAC? The purpose of this chapter is to outline the beer and wine tax reporting and payment requirements for the following liquor licensees and ((permittees)) permit holders:

Type of liquor license	Laws that outline tax		
	rates and		
	requirements		
(a) Washington beer	RCW 66.24.210,		
and/or wine distributor	66.24.230, 66.24.290,		
	66.24.305		
(b) Washington beer	RCW 66.24.230		
and/or wine importer			
(c) Domestic brewery	RCW 66.24.270,		
•	66.24.290, 66.24.305		
(d) Domestic	RCW 66.24.270,		
brewery/brand owner	66.24.290, 66.24.305		
(e) Microbrewery	RCW 66.24.270,		
	66.24.290, 66.24.305		
(f) Domestic winery	RCW 66.24.210,		
	66.24.215, 66.24.230,		
	66.24.305		
(g) Public house	RCW 66.24.290,		
	66.24.580		
(h) Beer certificate of	RCW 66.24.270		
approval holder			
(i) Wine certificate of	RCW 66.24.210,		
approval holder	66.24.206		

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(j) Authorized	RCW 66.04.010,
representative	66.24.261, 66.24.270
certificate of approval	
holderU.S. produced	
beer	
(k) Authorized	RCW 66.04.010,
representative	66.24.261, 66.24.270
certificate of approval	
holderforeign	
produced beer	
(l) Authorized	RCW 66.04.010,
representative	66.24.203, 66.24.206
certificate of approval	
holderU.S. produced	
wine	
(m) Authorized	RCW 66.04.010,
representative	66.24.203, 66.24.206
certificate of approval	
holderforeign	
produced wine	
(n) Retailer with an	RCW 66.24.210,
endorsement to receive	66.24.290, 66.24.270
direct shipments of	
beer and wine from	
breweries,	
microbreweries, or	
wineries	
(o) Wine shipper	RCW 66.24.210
permit holder	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.20.360 through [66.20].380, 66.20.390, 66.24.170, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.240, 66.24.244, 66.24.270, 66.24.290, 66.28.170, 66.28.180, and 42.56.270. 07-02-076, § 314-19-005, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.215, and 66.24.580. 04-24-007, § 314-19-005,

filed 11/19/04, effective 12/20/04. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, § 314-19-005, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00.]

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-02-076, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07)

- WAC 314-19-010 Definitions. The following definitions are to clarify the purpose and intent of the rules and laws governing beer and wine tax reporting and payment requirements. Additional definitions can be found in RCW 66.04.010.
- (1) "Late." A ((monthly)) tax payment is considered late if it is unpaid on the due date and remains unpaid until the twentieth day of the following month.
- (2) "Missing." A ((monthly)) tax report and tax payment, if taxes are owed, is considered missing if it is more than thirty days past the required filing date.
- (3) "Samples" are beer and/or wine furnished to retail licensees for the purpose of negotiating a sale, per RCW 66.28.040. See WAC 314-64-080 for sampling procedures.
- (4) "Tastings" are beer and/or wine products provided to customers at no charge for the purpose of promoting a sale, that are consumed on the premises of a domestic brewery, microbrewery, winery, or additional winery locations as

authorized by RCW 66.24.170(4). Tastings are not taxable under this title.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.20.360 through [66.20].380, 66.20.390, 66.24.170, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.240, 66.24.244, 66.24.270, 66.24.290, 66.28.170, 66.28.180, and 42.56.270. 07-02-076, \$ 314-19-010, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, \$ 314-19-010, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00.]

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-01-090, filed 12/16/09, effective 1/16/10)

WAC 314-19-015 What are the ((monthly)) reporting and tax payment requirements? (1) The required ((monthly)) beer and/or wine tax reports must be:

- (a) On a form furnished by the board or in a format approved by the board;
- (b) Filed every month, including months with no activity or taxes due. A winery or wine certificate of approval holder with total taxable sales of wine in Washington state of six thousand gallons or less during the calendar year may elect to file annually;

- (c) Submitted, with the tax due, to the board on or before the twentieth day of ((each)) the month following the end of the reporting period, for the previous ((month)) reporting period (for example, a monthly report listing transactions for the month of January is due by February 20; an annual report listing transactions for 2012 is due by January 20, 2013). When the twentieth day of the month falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the filing must be postmarked by the U.S. Postal Service no later than the next postal business day; and
- (d) Filed separately for each type of liquor license or permit held.
- (2) Wineries, wine certificate of approval holders and wine shippers who elect to file annually:
- (a) Must have taxable sales of wine in Washington state of six thousand gallons or less during the calendar year;
- (b) New licensees who anticipate taxable sales of wine in Washington state of less than six thousand gallons must request by notifying the liquor control board within thirty days of license issuance that they would like to file annually;
- (c) May only change reporting frequency (to annual filing or off annual filing) at the beginning of a calendar year, effective month must be January;
- (d) Are required to file multiple reports in the event of a midyear tax rate change (for example, the tax rate changes June 1st; annual filer will submit two reports. One for January 1st through May 31st and one for June 1st through December 31st.

Both are due January 20th following the end of the reporting period);

(e) Must submit a report the month following the month the license has been discontinued or business closed (for example, annual filer closes business/discontinued license May 25th, report is due June 20th).

Tyme of Licenses	Toy Poyment Dequipments		
Type of Licensee	Tax Payment Requirements		
(((2))) <u>(3)</u> Washington beer and/or wine	(a) Distributors must pay taxes on all beer and/or wine received during the		
distributor	preceding calendar month, including samples		
distributor	received at no charge (see WAC 314-64-080		
	and 314-64-090 for more information). The		
	total tax due (per barrel for beer and per liter		
	for wine) is to be paid by the first distributor		
	to receive the product and must be included		
	with the monthly report.		
	(b) Distributors do not pay taxes		
	on beer and/or wine received from another in-		
	state licensed distributor who has already paid		
	the Washington state tax on the product.		
	(c) Distributors may claim a tax		
	refund or credit, provided that they have paid		
	the taxes prior to claiming the credit, for the		
	following (see WAC 314-19-030 for		
	information on claiming a tax refund or		
	credit):		
	(i) Shipments exported directly to		
	a point outside the state of Washington,		
	including sales to interstate common carriers;		
	(ii) Sales to any military		
	reservation in Washington state;		
	(iii) Product that is deemed		
	unsalable due to freight damage, product		
	quality, or other causes that occurred prior to receipt by the distributor, subject to the		
	following conditions:		
	(A) The unsalable product must be		
	destroyed within the state of Washington (per		
	RCW 66.24.305);		
	(B) The licensee must notify their		
	local liquor enforcement officer in advance		
	for destruction of more than fifty cases of		
	wine or two hundred cases of beer;		
	(C) The licensee must report the		
	destroyed product on the next required		
	monthly report;		
	(D) The licensee must keep		
	records showing the reason for the destruction		
	and an inventory of products destroyed.		
	These records must be kept on the licensed		
	premises and available for inspection by		
	board employees for a period of two years;		
	and		

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	(E) The licensee must provide	
	documentation from the freight company with the report if they are claiming a credit due to	
	freight damage.	
(((3))) <u>(4)</u> Washington	Importers must pay taxes on samples received	
beer and/or wine	during the preceding calendar month, as	
importers	follows:	
	(a) If the samples are used by the	
	importer within the state of Washington, the	
	importer must pay the tax. (b) If samples are provided to a	
	distributor, the distributor must pay the tax.	
(((4))) <u>(5)</u> Domestic	(a) Domestic breweries,	
breweries,	microbreweries, and domestic wineries must	
microbreweries, and	list production for the current ((month))	
domestic wineries	reporting period only. The brewery that the	
	domestic brewery/brand owner contracts with	
	is required to include any products they	
	produce for the brand owner in their	
	production count. (b) Domestic breweries,	
	microbreweries, and domestic wineries must	
	pay taxes on beer and/or wine that is:	
	(i) Sold at retail on the licensed	
	premises (or shipped to additional winery	
	locations as authorized by RCW	
	66.24.170(4)), including retail sales to out-of- state residents;	
	(ii) Sold to retail licensees;	
	(ii) Boid to retain needisces,	
	(iii) Furnished as samples to retail	
	licensees as authorized by RCW 66.28.040,	
	WAC 314-64-080, and 314-64-090 (does not	
	include samples provided to distributors);	
	(iv) Provided as donations to	
	qualifying 501 (c)(3) or (6) nonprofit organizations per RCW 66.28.040 or to the	
	Washington wine commission per RCW	
	66.12.180 and 66.24.210;	
	(v) Received via an interplant	
	transfer if used as outlined in above	
	subsections (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv);	
	(vi) Sold at farmers markets as	
	authorized by RCW 66.24.170(5),	
	66.24.240(4) and/or 66.24.244(5); or (vii) Wine that has been shipped	
	out-of-state as nontax paid export and	
	returned to Washington state if used as	
	outlined in (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (vi) of this	
	subsection.	
	(c) Domestic breweries,	
	microbreweries, and domestic wineries do not pay tax on beer and/or wine that is:	
	(i) Sold to or furnished as samples	
	to distributors;	
	(ii) Shipped out of a particular	
	location for an interplant transfer;	
	(iii) Exported directly to a point	
	outside the state of Washington, including	
	sales to interstate common carriers;	
	(iv) ((Sold to the Washington state	
	liquor control board;	
	(v))) Sold to any military	
	reservation in Washington state; or	

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	$((\frac{(vi)}{(vi)}))$ (v) Provided as a tasting on		
	the brewery or winery premises or at		
	additional winery locations at no charge, as		
	authorized by RCW 66.24.170(4). See WAC		
	314-19-010(3) for the definition of "tastings."		
(((5))) <u>(6)</u> Domestic	(a) Domestic brewery-brand		
breweryBrand	owners must file a report showing the		
owners	quantity of all beer sold or delivered to each		
	licensed beer distributor, or beer exported		
	directly to a point outside the state of		
	Washington, during the preceding ((month))		
	reporting period.		
	(b) Domestic brewery-brand		
	owners are not responsible for the tax on beer		
	that is contract produced.		
(((6))) (7) Out-of-state	(a) Certificate of approval holders		
beer and/or wine			
	must file a report showing the quantity of all beer and/or wine sold or delivered to each		
certificate of approval			
holders	licensed beer or wine distributor or importer,		
	including samples, during the preceding		
	((month)) reporting period.		
	(b) Tax is due from the certificate		
	of approval holder:		
	(i) On samples shipped to licensed		
	agents, and		
	(ii) On donations to the		
	Washington wine commission per RCW		
	66.12.180 and 66.24.210 or to 501 (c)(3)		
	nonprofit charitable associations within		
	Washington state per RCW 66.28.040.		
(((7))) (8) Out-of-state	(a) Certificate of approval holders		
United States beer	with this endorsement must file an addendum		
and/or wine certificate	report showing the quantity of beer and/or		
	wine sold or delivered to each licensed		
of approval holders			
with a direct shipping	retailer, including samples, during the		
to Washington retailer	preceding ((month)) reporting period.		
endorsement			
	(b) Tax is due from the certificate		
	of approval holder on beer and/or wine sold		
	or delivered to retail licensees and on sales to		
	nonprofit charitable associations.		
(((8))) <u>(9)</u> Out-of-state	(a) A certificate of approval holder		
United States wine	with this endorsement must report the total		
certificate of approval	quantity of wine sold to consumers in		
holders with a direct	Washington state during the preceding		
shipping to consumers	((month)) reporting period.		
endorsement			
	(b) Tax is due from the certificate		
	of approval holder on wine sold or delivered		
	to Washington state residents.		
(((9))) <u>(10)</u> Authorized	(a) Authorized representative		
representative	certificate of approval holders must file a		
certificate of approval	report showing the quantity of all beer and/or		
holders-U.S. and/or	wine sold or delivered to each licensed beer		
foreign produced beer	or wine distributor or importer, including		
or wine	samples. They must list the brewery and/or		
or wille			
	winery that they represent and that had		
	shipments into Washington state during the		
	preceding month.		

	(b) Tax is due from the authorized representative beer and/or wine certificate of approval holders only on samples shipped to licensed agents, directly to retailers per WAC 314-64-080 and 314-64-090, donations to the Washington wine commission per RCW 66.12.180 and 66.24.210, or to 501 (c)(3) nonprofit charitable associations within Washington state per RCW 66.28.040.
(((10))) <u>(11)</u> Public	Public house licensees must pay taxes on all
house licensees	sales of their own product during the
	preceding calendar month.
(((11))) <u>(12)</u> Retailer	A Washington retailer who receives
with an endorsement	shipments directly from a United States
allowing receipt of	brewery, microbrewery, or winery, outside
direct shipment of beer	Washington, must file a report showing the
or wine from a United	quantity of beer and wine received by direct
States brewery,	shipment from each licensed beer or wine
microbrewery, or	producer, including samples, during the
winery	preceding month.
(((12))) (13) Wine	(a) An out-of-state winery must
shipper permit holder	file a report showing the total quantity of
	wine sold or delivered to consumers during
	the preceding ((month)) reporting period.
	(b) Pay the tax due for sales of
	wine to Washington state residents.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 and 66.28.320. 10-01-090, § 314-19-015, filed 12/16/09, effective 1/16/10. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.20.360 through [66.20].380, 66.20.390, 66.24.170, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.240, 66.24.270, 66.24.290, 66.28.170, 66.28.180, and 66.24.244, 07-02-076, § 314-19-015, filed 12/29/06, effective 42.56.270. 1/29/07. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.215, and 66.24.580. 04-24-007, § 314-19-015, filed 11/19/04, effective 12/20/04. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, § 314-19-015, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00.]

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-02-076, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07)

WAC 314-19-020 What if a licensee doesn't report or pay the taxes due, or reports or pays late? The board may take the following actions against a licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder in order to collect any of the reports or taxes due that are outlined in this title.

(1) Suspension or	(a) Failure to make a report and/or		
revocation of license	` '		
revocation of ficense	pay the taxes in the manner and dates		
	outlined in this chapter will be sufficient		
	ground for the board to suspend or revoke a		
	liquor license, wine shipper permit, or		
	certificate of approval (per RCW 66.08.150,		
	66.24.010, 66.24.120, 66.24.206, 66.20.370,		
	66.20.380, and 66.24.270).		
	(b) The suspension will remain in		
	effect until all missing reports and/or taxes		
	have been filed with the board (see WAC		
	314-19-010(1) for the definition of		
	"missing").		
(2) Penalties	A penalty of two percent per month will be		
(2) I chartes	assessed on any tax payments postmarked		
	after the twentieth day of the month following		
	the ((month)) reporting period of ((sale)) the		
	**		
	transactions (per the reporting requirements outlined in WAC 314-19-015, RCW 66.24.290, and 66.24.210). When the twentieth day of the month falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the filing must be postmarked by the U.S. Postal		
	Service no later than the next postal business		
	day.		
(3) Surety bond	(a) What is a surety bond? A		
requirements	"surety bond" is a type of insurance policy		
	that guarantees beer and/or wine tax payment		
	to the state. The surety bond must be:		
	(i) Executed by a surety company		
	authorized to do business in the state of		
	Washington;		
	(ii) On a form and in an amount		
	acceptable to the board;		
	(iii) Payable to the Washington		
	state liquor control board; and		
	*		
	(iv) Conditioned that the licensee		
	will pay the taxes and penalties levied by		
l	RCW 66.24.210 and/or 66.24.290.		

- (v) As an option to obtaining a surety bond, a licensee may create an assignment of savings account for the board in the same amount as required for a surety bond. Requests for this option must be submitted in writing to the board's financial division.
- (b) When will the board require a surety bond? The board may require a surety bond from a Washington beer and/or wine distributor, domestic microbrewery, domestic brewery, public house, domestic winery, wine shipper, or a beer or wine certificate of approval holder that has a direct shipment privilege. If any of the following occur, the board may require the licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder to obtain a surety bond or assignment of savings account, within twenty-one days after an administrative violation notice is issued:
- (i) A report or tax payment is missing, as defined in WAC 314-19-010, for two or more consecutive months: or
- (ii) A report or tax payment is missing, as defined in WAC 314-19-010, two or more times within a two year period.
- (c) What will happen if the licensee does not acquire the surety bond or savings account? Failure to meet the bonding or savings account requirements outlined in subsections (a) and (b) of this rule may result in immediate suspension of license privileges until all missing reports are filed and late taxes have been paid and the surety bond is acquired or the savings account is established.
- (d) In what amount and for how long will the board require a surety bond? The amount of a surety bond or savings account required by this chapter must be either \$3,000, or the total of the highest four months' worth of tax liability for the previous twelve month period, whichever is greater.
- (i) The licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder must maintain the bond for at least two years. After the two year period the licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder may request an exemption as outlined in subsection (f) of this rule.
- (ii) Surety bond and savings account amounts may be reviewed annually and compared to the last twelve months' tax liability of the licensee. If the current bond or savings account amount does not meet the requirements outlined in this section, the licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder will be required to increase the bond amount or amount on deposit within twenty-one days.

- (e) What action will the board take when a licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder holds a surety bond and does not pay taxes due or pays late? If a licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder holds a surety bond or savings account, the board will immediately start the process to collect overdue taxes from the surety company or assigned account. If the exact amount of taxes due is not known due to missing reports, the board will estimate the taxes due based on previous production, receipts, and/or sales
- (f) Can a licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder request an exemption to the surety bond or savings account requirement? A licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder may make a written request to the board's financial division for an exemption from the surety bond or assignment of savings account requirements. The board will grant an exemption once the following criteria are met:
- (i) The licensee or ((permittee)) permit holder has filed reports and paid applicable taxes to the board for at least two years immediately prior to the exemption request; and
- (ii) There have been no late or missing reports or tax payments during the previous two years.
- (iii) In order to remain exempt from the surety bond or assignment of savings account requirements, the licensee must continue to meet the tax reporting and payment requirements outlined in this title (outlined in WAC 314-19-015, RCW 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.270, 66.24.290, and 66.24.580).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.20.360 through [66.20].380, 66.20.390, 66.24.170, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.240, 66.24.244, 66.24.270, 66.24.290, 66.28.170, 66.28.180, and 42.56.270. 07-02-076, \$ 314-19-020, filed 12/29/06, effective 1/29/07. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.215, and 66.24.580. 04-24-007, \$ 314-19-020, filed 11/19/04, effective 12/20/04. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305,

Concise Explanatory Stmt Small Winery Annual Reporting 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, § 314-19-020, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00.]

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 04-24-007, filed 11/19/04, effective 12/20/04)

WAC 314-19-030 How can a licensee claim a credit or refund for tax-paid product?

(1) How to claim a tax credit	(2) How to claim a tax refund
(a) On the next	(a) A licensee may
((monthly)) report filed, show	request a refund, rather than claim a
the amount of product for	credit, if the amount of the credit is
which a tax credit is due in the	too large to be used in a reasonable
appropriate section(s) of the	amount of time or the licensee has
form.	discontinued business.
(b) Deduct the total	
credit from the total amount	
due on this report.	
	(b) On the next
	((monthly)) report filed, the licensee
	must show the amount of product for
	which a tax refund is due in the
	appropriate section(s) of the form.
	(c) The board will not
	issue a refund check until the total
	amount to be refunded accumulates
	to at least ten dollars.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.215, and 66.24.580. 04-24-007, § 314-19-030, filed 11/19/04, effective 12/20/04. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, § 314-19-030, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00.]

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 314-19-040

Is there any exception to the additional tax imposed on fortified wine?

SECTION (Amending 12-17-006, AMENDATORY WSR filed 8/1/12, effective 9/1/12) WAC 314-24-070 Domestic wineries--Purchase and bulk wines, brandy or wine spirits--Import permit required--Records--Wine returned to Washington. (1) Domestic wineries may purchase and receive under federal bond from any holder of a domestic winery license, holder of the fruit and/or wine distillery license provided in RCW 66.24.140, or out-ofstate holder of a federal winery or fruit distillery basic permit, bulk wine, brandy or bulk wine spirits manufactured or produced by such holder, and use the same in the manufacture or production of wines: Provided, That every domestic winery which imports wine, brandy or wine spirits manufactured outside the state of Washington for use as authorized in this section must first be in possession of a permit issued by the board, accordance with RCW 66.20.010(5) of the Washington State Liquor Applications for such permits must be submitted to the board in writing. Such permits expire at the end of the board's fiscal year, and are subject to renewal at that time written request and remittance of said annual fee. Wine manufactured or produced from one kind of fruit or berry may not receive wine, brandy or wine spirits manufactured or produced from another kind of fruit or berry. Such brandy or wine spirits so purchased shall be used exclusively and only for the purpose of adding wine spirits to wines. In those cases where the holder of a domestic winery license shall also hold such fruit and/or wine distillery license, then, and in such cases, such domestic winery may use brandy or wine spirits manufactured or produced under such distillery license as a wine spirits addition in the manufacture or production of wine by such holder of the domestic winery license.

- (2) Any domestic winery using wine, brandy or wine spirits as provided in subsection (1) of this section, shall make and file with the board, not later than the tenth day of each month upon forms prescribed and furnished by the board, a report showing all transactions of such domestic winery in the purchase and/or use of wine, brandy or wine spirits as provided in said subsection (1), and shall retain one copy of such report in its own files, and shall keep and preserve for a period of not less than two years any bills of lading or other documents supporting such report. One copy of the bill of lading covering such sale and shipment to a domestic winery is to be forwarded to the board by the shipping winery or fruit distillery, at the time of such shipment.
- (3) A domestic winery may ship Washington wine out of and may return such wine to Washington state for ultimate sale. The following conditions apply:
- (a) The wine is produced in Washington by a licensed winery.
- (b) The export shall be from the licensed winery and returned to the same entity.
- (c) The returned wine must not have been altered in any way, with the exception of sparkling wine.

- (d) A domestic winery returning previously exported Washington wine must comply with tax collection and tracking requirements initiated by the liquor control board.
- (e) A domestic winery must keep on file for audit purposes clear source records (shipping documents, etc.) with ((monthly)) reporting documents. Records need to indicate what wine was returned to the state that was previously reported as an export (including number of cases and gallons).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 and 66.08.050. 12-17-006, \$ 314-24-070, filed 8/1/12, effective 9/1/12. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 and 66.28.320. 10-01-090, \$ 314-24-070, filed 12/16/09, effective 1/16/10. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030. 86-11-014 (Order 184, Resolution No. 193), \$ 314-24-070, filed 5/13/86; Order 14, \$ 314-24-070, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 5, \$ 314-24-070, filed 8/7/69, effective 9/8/69; Rule 65, filed 6/13/63.]

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 00-17-065, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00)

WAC 314-24-120 Importation of foreign wine--United States wineries--((Monthly)) Reports--Records. (1) Foreign wine. Wine manufactured outside of the United States may be imported by a wine importer or distributor under the following conditions:

- (a) The wine importer or distributor importing such wine must obtain label approval in accordance with WAC 314-24-040. Such wine shall be imported and delivered directly to either the warehouse of the importer or distributor or to some other warehouse previously designated by the importer or distributor and approved by the board.
- (b) A 1 1 matters pertaining the importation, to transportation, storage, keeping of records, and all other matters pertaining to the importation of wine manufactured outside the United States shall be subject at all times to such orders, rules and regulations as the board may from time to time prescribe, and the board reserves the right to make orders applicable to individual and particular cases in addition to general orders, rules and regulations applicable generally.
- (2) Holders of certificate of approval--United States wineries, located outside of Washington state. Each winery holding a certificate of approval may ship wine to licensed wine importers and/or distributors only. As required by section 10, chapter 21, Laws of 1969 ex. sess., and by the written agreement embodied in the application for certificate of approval, each winery holding a certificate of approval shall file the report(s) required by WAC 314-19-015.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.290, 66.24.305, 66.24.270, 66.24.215, 66.24.580, 66.24.206. 00-17-065, § 314-24-120, filed 8/9/00, effective 9/9/00. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 15.88.030,

19.126.020,	66.04.010,	66.08.180,	66.16.100,	66.20.010,
66.20.300,	66.20.310,	66.24.150,	66.24.170,	66.24.185,
66.24.200,	66.24.206,	66.24.210,	66.24.230,	66.24.240,
66.24.244,	66.24.250,	66.24.375,	66.24.380,	66.24.395,
66.24.400,	66.24.420,	66.24.425,	66.24.440,	66.24.450,
66.24.455,	66.24.495,	66.24.540,	66.28.010,	66.28.040,
66.28.050,	66.28.170,	66.28.180,	66.28.190,	66.28.200,
66.28.310, 66	.44.190, 66.4	4.310, 66.98.0	060 and 82.08	.150. 98-
18-097, §	314-24-120,	filed 9/2/98	B, effective	10/3/98.
Statutory Aut	chority: RCW	66.08.030 and	d 66.98.070.	82-04-035
(Order 95, Re	solution No. 1	.04), § 314-24	-120, filed 1/	′28/82 ; 81-
22-026 (Orde:	r 85, Resolu	tion No. 94)	, § 314-24-1	120, filed
10/28/81; Ord	er 26, § 314-2	24-120, filed	8/14/73; Order	5, § 314-
24-120, filed	8/7/69, effec	tive 9/8/69; R	tule 71, filed	6/13/63.]