Petition for Adoption, Amendment, or Repeal of a State Administrative Rule – (WAC 314-55-570 – Social Equity in Cannabis Program)

Date: September 25, 2024

Presented by: Justin Nordhorn, Director of Policy and External Affairs

Background

From July 30, 2024 through September 17, 2024, five separate petitions for adoption, amendment, or repeal of a state administrative rule were submitted to the Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board ("LCB" or "Board") requesting amendments to WAC 314-55-570. All five petitioners requested the removal of title certificate holders from the Social Equity in Cannabis Program. The multiple petitions specifically request the Board repeal WAC 314-55-570(1)(j), the definition of social equity title certificate holder, and WAC 314-55-570(5) allowing a social equity title certificate holder to reinstate their retail cannabis license anywhere within the county that they hold their title certificate. The petitioners' requests are attached, and the petitioners include:

- Peter Manning 7/30/24
- Mike Asai 7/30/24
- Elijah Henry 8/6/24

- Paul Brice 8/18/24
- Rick Lee 9/17/24

Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill (E2SSB) 5080 (<u>Chapter 220, Laws of 2023</u>) amended <u>RCW 69.50.335</u> to allow social equity applicants to locate their license in any city or town, or county that allows cannabis retail, cannabis production, or cannabis processing business activities, as applicable, at the proposed location, in the state of Washington. See <u>RCW 69.50.335(1)(e)(i)</u>. E2SSB 5080 also provided permissive language allowing title certificate holders to apply for a social equity license. See <u>RCW 69.50.335(2)(b)</u>. The petitioners expressed title certificate holders should not receive the same benefits as a social equity applicant.

Currently a rulemaking project is open and active for Implementation of E2SSB 5080 related to expanding and improving the Social Equity in Cannabis Program. The CR-101 was filed as <u>WSR 23-23-062</u> on November 08, 2023. A CR-102 was filed as <u>WSR 24-16-130</u> on August 06, 2024. A public hearing was conducted on September 11, 2024. As a result of public comment gathered during the formal comment period and public hearing, the LCB plans to file a supplemental CR-102 to make additional changes to the previously presented draft rules.

Issue

Whether the LCB should initiate rulemaking to consider amending WAC 314-55-570 to exclude title certificate holders from the Social Equity in Cannabis Program.

Analysis

While many factors would typically be analyzed in deciding whether to accept a petition for rulemaking, the LCB is currently engaged in rulemaking for WAC 314-55-570, which is directly associated with the topic.

Conclusion

As the LCB is currently engaging in rulemaking for WAC 314-55-570 to implement E2SSB 5080 there is no need or benefit to accepting the five petitions, as considerations are already active and on-going.

Recommendation

For the reasons described above, Director's Office staff recommend that consistent with RCW 34.05.330(1)(b), the Board deny the five petitions for adoption, repeal or amendment of rules submitted from July 30, 2024, through September 17, 2024, requesting the exclusion of social equity title certificate holders from the Social Equity in Cannabis Program.

Board Action

After considering the information provided by the Director's Office staff, the Board accepts/denies the five related petitions for rulemaking received from July 30, 2024, through September 17, 2024.

Accept [Deny		
		David Postman, Chair	Date
Accept [Deny	Ollie Garrett, Chair	
Accept [Deny	Jim Vollendroff, Chair	



CONTACT INFORMATION (please type or print)

PETITION FOR ADOPTION, AMENDMENT, OR REPEAL OF A STATE ADMINISTRATIVE RULE

Print Form

In accordance with <u>RCW 34.05.330</u>, the Office of Financial Management (OFM) created this form for individuals or groups who wish to petition a state agency or institution of higher education to adopt, amend, or repeal an administrative rule. You may use this form to submit your request. You also may contact agencies using other formats, such as a letter or email.

The agency or institution will give full consideration to your petition and will respond to you within 60 days of receiving your petition. For more information on the rule petition process, see Chapter 82-05 of the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) at http://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=82-05.

Petitioner's Name Peter Manning					
Name of Organization Black Excellence In Cannabis					
Mailing Address 220 Ferndale Ave NE					
City Renton	State	WA	Zip Code 98056		
Telephone (253) 453-7318	Email	peter@blacke	excellenceincannabis.org		
COMPLETING AND SENDING PETITION FORM					
 Check all of the boxes that apply. 					
Provide relevant examples.					
 Include suggested language for a rule, if possible. 					
Attach additional pages, if needed.					
 Send your petition to the agency with authority to adopt or administer the rule. Here is a list of agencies and their rules coordinators: http://www.leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Documents/RClist.htm. 					
INFORMATION ON RULE PETITION					
Agency responsible for adopting or administering the	rule:	Washington S	State Liquor Cannabis Board		
1. NEW RULE - I am requesting the agency to adopt a new rule.					
☐ The subject (or purpose) of this rule is:					
The rule is needed because:					
The new rule would affect the following people or groups:					

2. AMEND RULE - I am requesting the agency to change an existing rule.		
List rule number (WAC), if known:		
I am requesting the following change:		
This change is needed because:		
☐ The effect of this rule change will be:		
☐ The rule is not clearly or simply stated:		
$oxed{ imes}$ 3. REPEAL RULE - I am requesting the agency to eliminate an existing rule.		
List rule number (WAC), if known: 314-55-570 1 line (j) & (5)		
(Check one or more boxes)		
✓ It does not do what it was intended to do.		
Please read attachment		
✓ It is no longer needed because:		
Please read attachment		
✓ It imposes unreasonable costs:		
☐ The agency has no authority to make this rule:		
☐ It is applied differently to public and private parties:		
It conflicts with another federal, state, or local law or rule. List conflicting law or rule, if known:		
It duplicates another federal, state or local law or rule. List duplicate law or rule, if known:		
Please read attachment		
✓ Other (please explain):		

3. REPEAL RULE - I am requesting the agency to eliminate an existing rule.

It does not do what it was intended to do.

It is no longer needed because:

The only reason Certificate Holders became part of the Social Equity Program was because Certificate Holders paid a lobbyist to push the agenda for them. Certificate Holders should not benefit off the backs of the Black and Brown communities affected by the War on Cannabis. Certificate Holders will dilute the Social Equity Program. Certificate Holders have never advocated for Social Equity in Cannabis, but yet they are looking benefit off the backs of Black and Brown communities pain and trauma

It imposes unreasonable costs:

Certificate Holders will dilute the value of true Social Equity Licensees. This will create a devalued market for Social Equity Retail Licensees. Social Equity Licensees many of whom are Cannabis Pioneers have lost millions of wealth the past 10 years by getting cut out of the legal market.



CONTACT INFORMATION (please type or print)

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Petitioner's Name Mike Asai					
Name of Organization Emerald City Collective					
Mailing Address 2815 Elliott Ave Suite 100					
City Seattle	State	WA	Zip Code 98121		
Telephone (206) 581-6640	Email	emeraldcitycc	ollective@gmail.com		
COMPLETING AND SENDING PETITION FORM					
 Check all of the boxes that apply. 					
Provide relevant examples.					
• Include suggested language for a rule, if possible.					
Attach additional pages, if needed.					
 Send your petition to the agency with authority to adopt or administer the rule. Here is a list of agencies and their rules coordinators: http://www.leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Documents/RClist.htm. 					
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Agency responsible for adopting or administering the	rule:	Washington	State Liquor Cannabis Board		
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Please read attachment		
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It conflicts with another federal, state, or local law or rule. List conflicting law or rule, if known:		
It duplicates another federal, state or local law or rule. List duplicate law or rule, if known:		
Please read attachment		
✓ Other (please explain):		

WSLCB Washington State Department of Commerce 1011 Plum St SE Olympia, WA 98504

Subject: Social Equity in Cannabis Program (SSB 5080)

Rules Committee.

I am writing to express our deep concerns regarding the continued inclusion of Certificate Holders in the Social Equity Program. This program was specifically designed to address the historical injustices and systemic disparities faced by Black and Brown communities due to the War on Cannabis. Allowing Certificate Holders to benefit from this program (SB5080) undermines its very purpose and disrespects the trauma and struggles these communities have endured.

Certificate Holders do not represent the victims of the War on Cannabis. Instead, they are individuals and entities who have leveraged their resources to lobby for inclusion in a program they never truly supported. By paying lobbyists to advocate for their inclusion, Certificate Holders have effectively bypassed the fundamental intentions of the Social Equity Program, which aims to create opportunities for those directly impacted by the criminalization of Cannabis.

It was never the Legislative intent to reward Certificate Holders by allowing them to benefit from the Social Equity Program. The intention has always been to rectify the injustices suffered by Black and Brown communities, not to extend benefits to those who have not experienced the same level of systemic harm and disenfranchisement.

The participation of Certificate Holders in this program will undoubtedly dilute and devalue the Social Equity Retail licenses. These licenses are meant to empower and uplift Black and Brown communities, providing them with opportunities for economic advancement and restorative justice. Including Certificate Holders, who do not share the same history of oppression and disenfranchisement, compromises the integrity and effectiveness of the program.

It is imperative that we remain steadfast in our commitment to true Social Equity. To achieve this, we must ensure that the benefits of the Social Equity Program are reserved exclusively for those who have been historically marginalized and harmed by Cannabis prohibition. Allowing Certificate Holders to participate not only contradicts this mission but also perpetuates the very inequities we seek to eliminate.

We urge you to take immediate action to remove Certificate Holders from the Social Equity Program. By doing so, we can honor the resilience of Black and Brown communities and uphold the principles of justice and equity that this program was founded upon.

Thank you for your attention to this critical matter. We look forward to your prompt response and action.

Sincerely,

Mike Asai President Emerald City Collective



CONTACT INFORMATION (please type or print)

PETITION FOR ADOPTION, AMENDMENT, OR REPEAL OF A STATE ADMINISTRATIVE RULE

Print Form

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- (1	
Petitioner's Name Elijah Henry	
Mailing Address	
	State Zip Code
Telephone	Email henry.elijah314@gmail.com
COMPLETING AND SENDING PETITION FORM	
Check all of the boxes that apply.	
Provide relevant examples.	
• Include suggested language for a rule, if possible.	
Attach additional pages, if needed.	
 Send your petition to the agency with authority to a their rules coordinators: http://www.leg.wa.gov/Cod 	dopt or administer the rule. Here is a list of agencies and eReviser/Documents/RClist.htm.
INFORMATION ON RULE PETITION	
Agency responsible for adopting or administering the	rule: Washington State Liquor Cannabis Board
☐ 1. NEW RULE - I am requesting the agency to a	adopt a new rule.
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Please read attachment		
✓ Other (please explain):		

WSLCB Washington State Department of Commerce

1011 Plum St SE

Olympia, WA 98504

Subject: Social Equity in Cannabis Program (SSB 5080)

Rules Committee,

I am writing to express our deep concerns regarding the continued inclusion of Certificate Holders in the Social Equity Program. This program was specifically designed to address the historical injustices and systemic disparities faced by Black and Brown communities due to the War on Cannabis . Allowing Certificate Holders to benefit from this program (SB5080) undermines its very purpose and disrespects the trauma and struggles these communities have endured and suggest that this program is "separate but equal" much like the Jim Crow era.

Certificate Holders do not represent the victims of the War on Cannabis. Instead, they are individuals and entities who have leveraged their resources to lobby for inclusion in a program they never truly supported and frankly, isn't applicable by the title of the program. How is it socially equitable for someone who is already in the industry to ride the coattail of this social initiative when not enduring the injustices of black and brown communities since the era of the war on drugs? By paying lobbyists to advocate for their inclusion, Certificate Holders have effectively bypassed the fundamental intentions of the Social Equity Program, which aims to create opportunities for those directly impacted by the criminalization of Cannabis.

It was never the Legislative intent to reward Certificate Holders by allowing them to benefit from the Social Equity Program. Why is this all of a sudden changing? The intention has always been to rectify the injustices suffered by Black and Brown communities, not to extend benefits to those who have not experienced the same level of systemic harm and disenfranchisement.

The participation of Certificate Holders in this program will undoubtedly dilute and devalue the Social Equity Retail licenses. These licenses are meant to empower and uplift Black and Brown communities, providing them with opportunities for economic advancement and restorative justice. Including Certificate Holders, who do not share the same history of oppression and disenfranchisement, compromises the integrity and effectiveness of the program.

It is imperative that we remain steadfast in our commitment to true Social Equity. To achieve this, we must ensure that the benefits of the Social Equity Program are reserved exclusively for those who have been historically marginalized and harmed by Cannabis prohibition. Allowing Certificate Holders to participate not only contradicts this mission but also perpetuates the very inequities we seek to eliminate.

We urge you to take immediate action to remove Certificate Holders from the Social Equity Program. By Doing so, we can honor the resilience of Black and Brown communities and uphold the principles of justice and equity that this program was founded upon. Thank you for your attention to this critical matter. We look forward to your prompt response and action.

Sincerely,

Elijah Henry



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CONTACT INFORMATION (please type or print)					
Petitioner's Name Paul Brice					
Name of Organization Happy Trees					
Mailing Address 8507 104th ST SW					
City Lakewood	State <u>w</u>	/A	Zip Code 98498		
Telephone 253-226-2135	Email pbrice168@gmail.com				
COMPLETING AND SENDING PETITION FORM					
 Check all of the boxes that apply. 					
Provide relevant examples.					
• Include suggested language for a rule, if possible.					
 Attach additional pages, if needed. 					
 Send your petition to the agency with authority to adopt or administer the rule. Here is a list of agencies and their rules coordinators: http://www.leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Documents/RClist.htm. 					
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It duplicates another federal, state or local law or rule. List duplicate law or rule, if known:		
Please read attachment		
✓ Other (please explain):		

 From:
 Paul Brice

 To:
 LCB DL Rules

 Subject:
 Title Cert Petition

Date: Friday, August 23, 2024 4:44:28 PM

Attachments: Happy Trees Petition.pdf

External Email

8/18/2024

WSLCB Washington State Department of Commerce

1011 Plum St SE Olympia, WA 98504

Subject: Social Equity in Cannabis Program (SB 5080)

Rules Committee.

We are writing this to bring attention to concerns regarding the inclusion of Certificate Holders in the Social Equity Program.

SB5080 was specifically made to combat the injustices inflicted on minorities as a result of the War on Cannabis. Allowing Certificate

Holders to make use of the program directly opposes the goals of the program which is to provide opportunities for those who were

negatively affected by the criminalization of cannabis.

Certificate Holders have not been directly impacted by the War on Cannabis, yet they have been able to use the Social Equity Program

as a way to take advantage of the opportunities made for qualifying Social Equity applicants.

The purpose of the program was to

provide benefits to minorities who faced injustices and inequality, not to Certificate Holders who have not experienced the same.

Allowing Certificate Holders in this program will take away from the mission of the program, to uplift minorities and the community by

bringing in revenue, jobs, and opportunities for success in an industry which had previously treated minorities so poorly.

Social Equity is about bringing resources to a specific group of people who were not given the same opportunities as others. Providing a

marginalized group with a more equal footing so they may have the opportunity to compete for the same goals as someone who

wasn't facing the same injustices. Allowing for Certificate Holders to participate is in opposition of the entire idea of Social Equity, as

Certificate Holders were not at a disadvantage because of the War on Cannabis so should not be provided with the benefits of the

program designed for those who were at a disadvantage. In order for this program to be truly successful the benefits must be used only

for people who have faced the injustices of the War on Cannabis.

In order to uphold the mission and goals of the Social Equity Program we are asking for immediate exclusion of Certificate Holders from

the program.

We appreciate your time and attention on this matter and look forward to hearing back from

you.

Thank You,

Paul Brice



CONTACT INFORMATION (please type or print)

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Petitioner's Name		
Name of Organization		
Mailing Address		
City	_ State	Zip Code
Telephone	_ Email	
COMPLETING AND SENDING PETITION FORM		
Check all of the boxes that apply.		
Provide relevant examples.		
 Include suggested language for a rule, if possible) .	
Attach additional pages, if needed.		
 Send your petition to the agency with authority to their rules coordinators: 		

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It conflicts with another federal, state, or local law or rule. List conflicting law or rule, if known:
It duplicates another federal, state or local law or rule. List duplicate law or rule, if known:
Other (please explain):

 From:
 Ricky Lee

 To:
 LCB DL Rules

 Subject:
 Social Equity Program

Date: Tuesday, September 17, 2024 11:20:26 AM

Attachments: Lee Petition.pdf

External Email

September 17 2024

WSLCB Washington State Department of Commerce 1011 Plum St SE Olympia, WA 98504

Subject: Social Equity in Cannabis Program (SSB 5080)

Rules Committee

I am writing to express my deep concerns regarding the continued inclusion of Certificate Holders in the Social Equity Program. I feel this program was specifically designed to address the historical injustices and systemic disparities faced by Black and Brown communities due to the War on Drugs including Cannabis. Allowing Certificate Holders to benefit from this program (SB5080) undermines the intent is a slap in the face and disrespects the trauma and struggles these communities have endured.

Certificate Holders do not represent the true victims of the War on Cannabis. Instead, these individuals and entities who have leveraged their resources to lobby for inclusion in a program never meant for them. These Certificate Holders have bypassed the fundamental intentions of the Social Equity Program which was created to provide opportunities for those directly impacted by the criminalization of Cannabis.

We urge you to take immediate action to remove Certificate Holders from the Social Equity Program. By doing so, we can honor the resilience of Black and Brown communities and uphold the principles of justice and equity that this program was founded upon.

Thank you for your time and consideration

Regards

Ricky Lee

Essential Lee Cannabis Owner

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5080

Chapter 220, Laws of 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

SOCIAL EQUITY IN CANNABIS PROGRAM—VARIOUS PROVISIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 23, 2023—Except for section 5, which takes effect July 1, 2024.

Passed by the Senate April 13, 2023 Yeas 31 Nays 16	CERTIFICATE		
DENNY HECK President of the Senate	I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5080 as		
Passed by the House April 10, 2023 Yeas 60 Nays 38	passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.		
LAURIE JINKINS	SARAH BANNISTER		
Speaker of the House of Representatives	Secretary		
Approved May 1, 2023 3:22 PM	FILED		
	May 2, 2023		
	Secretary of State		

State of Washington

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5080

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Saldaña, Conway, Frame, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, and Stanford; by request of Liquor and Cannabis Board)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/23.

- AN ACT Relating to expanding and improving the social equity in cannabis program; amending RCW 43.330.540, 69.50.331, 69.50.335, 69.50.345, and 69.50.345; reenacting and amending RCW 69.50.101; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing an
- 5 expiration date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.330.540 and 2022 c 16 s 36 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) The cannabis social equity technical assistance grant program 10 is established and is to be administered by the department.
- 11 (2)(a) The cannabis social equity technical assistance grant 12 program must award grants to:
- (i) Cannabis license applicants who are social equity applicants

 14 <u>as defined in RCW 69.50.335</u> submitting social equity plans ((under

 15 RCW 69.50.335)) as defined in RCW 69.50.101; and
- (ii) Cannabis licensees holding a license issued after ((June 30, 2020, and before July 25, 2021)) April 1, 2023, and before July 1, 2024, who meet the social equity applicant criteria under RCW 69.50.335.
- 20 (b) Grant recipients under this subsection (2) must demonstrate 21 completion of their project within 12 months of receiving a grant,

p. 1

- 1 unless a grant recipient requests, and the department approves, 2 additional time to complete the project.
 - (3) The department must award grants primarily based on the strength of the social equity plans submitted by cannabis license applicants and cannabis licensees holding a license issued after ((June 30, 2020)) April 1, 2023, and before ((July 25, 2021)) July 1, 2024, but may also consider additional criteria if deemed necessary or appropriate by the department. Technical assistance activities eligible for funding include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Assistance navigating the cannabis licensure process;
- 11 (b) Cannabis-business specific education and business plan 12 development;
 - (c) Regulatory compliance training;

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- 14 (d) Financial management training and assistance in seeking 15 financing;
- 16 (e) Strengthening a social equity plan <u>as defined in RCW 69.50.101;</u> and
 - (f) Connecting social equity applicants with established industry members and tribal cannabis enterprises and programs for mentoring and other forms of support.
 - (4) The department may contract to establish a roster of mentors who are available to support and advise social equity applicants and current licensees who meet the social equity applicant criteria under RCW 69.50.335. Contractors under this section must:
 - (a) Have knowledge and experience demonstrating their ability to effectively advise eligible applicants and licensees in navigating the state's licensing and regulatory framework or on producing and processing cannabis;
- 29 (b) Be a business that is at least 51 percent minority or woman-30 owned; and
 - (c) Meet department reporting and invoicing requirements.
 - (5) Funding for the cannabis social equity technical assistance grant program must be provided ((through the dedicated cannabis account)) under RCW 69.50.540. Additionally, the department may solicit, receive, and expend private contributions to support the grant program.
- 37 (6) The department may adopt rules to implement this section.
- 38 (7) For the purposes of this section, "cannabis" has the meaning provided under RCW 69.50.101.

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 69.50.331 and 2022 c 16 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) For the purpose of considering any application for a license to produce, process, research, transport, or deliver cannabis, useable cannabis, cannabis concentrates, or cannabis-infused products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, or sell cannabis, or for the renewal of a license to produce, process, research, transport, or deliver cannabis, useable cannabis, cannabis concentrates, or cannabis-infused products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, or sell cannabis, the board must conduct a comprehensive, fair, and impartial evaluation of the applications timely received.
- (a) The board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the denial, suspension, revocation, cancellation, or renewal or denial thereof, of any license, the board may consider any prior criminal arrests or convictions of the applicant, any public safety administrative violation history record with the board, and a criminal history record information check. The board may submit the criminal history record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the forms. The board must require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A RCW do not apply to these cases. Subject to the provisions of this section, the board may, in its discretion, grant or deny the renewal or license applied for. Denial may be based on, without limitation, the existence of chronic illegal activity documented in objections submitted pursuant to subsections (7)(c) and (10) of this section. Authority to approve an uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting this authority must be adopted by rule.
 - (b) No license of any kind may be issued to:
- (i) A person under the age of ((twenty-one)) 21 years;

1 (ii) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not 2 lawfully resided in the state for at least six months prior to 3 applying to receive a license;

- (iii) A partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or corporation unless formed under the laws of this state, and unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license as provided in this section; or
- (iv) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless the manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee.
- (2) (a) The board may, in its discretion, subject to RCW 43.05.160, 69.50.563, 69.50.562, 69.50.334, and 69.50.342(3) suspend or cancel any license; and all protections of the licensee from criminal or civil sanctions under state law for producing, processing, researching, or selling cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products thereunder must be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.
- (b) The board must immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license is automatic upon the board's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
- (c) The board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, and consider mitigating and aggravating circumstances in any case and deviate from any prescribed penalty, under rules the board may adopt.
- (d) Witnesses must be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.
- (e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its

members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, compels obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

- (3) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee must forthwith deliver up the license to the board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board must return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The board must notify all other licensees in the county where the subject licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no other licensee or employee of another licensee may allow or cause any cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of the subject licensee.
- (4) Every license issued under this chapter is subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this chapter or by rules adopted by the board to implement and enforce this chapter. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the board in the issuance of an individual license must be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.
- (5) Every licensee must post and keep posted its license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.
- (6) No licensee may employ any person under the age of ((twenty-one)) 21 years.
- (7) (a) Before the board issues a new or renewed license to an applicant it must give notice of the application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns, or to the tribal government if the application is for a license within Indian country, or to the port authority if the application for a license is located on property owned by a port authority.
- (b) The incorporated city or town through the official or employee selected by it, the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, the tribal government, or port

authority has the right to file with the board within twenty days after the date of transmittal of the notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration date for renewals, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the new or renewed license is asked. The board may extend the time period for submitting written objections upon request from the authority notified by the board.

- (c) The written objections must include a statement of all facts upon which the objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may request, and the board may in its discretion hold, a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If the board makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the written objections of an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If a hearing is held at the request of the applicant, board representatives must present and defend the board's initial decision to deny a license or renewal.
- (d) Upon the granting of a license under this title the board must send written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.
- (8) (a) Except as provided in (b) through (e) of this subsection, the board may not issue a license for any premises within ((enethousand)) 1,000 feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to persons aged ((twenty-one)) 21 years or older.
- (b) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of premises within ((one thousand)) 1,000 feet but not less than ((one hundred)) 100 feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection, except elementary schools, secondary schools, and playgrounds, by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that such distance reduction will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement interests, public safety, or public health.
- (c) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of research premises allowed under RCW 69.50.372 within ((one thousand)) 1,000

feet but not less than ((one hundred)) 100 feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that the ordinance will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement, public safety, or public health.

- (d) The board may license premises located in compliance with the distance requirements set in an ordinance adopted under (b) or (c) of this subsection. Before issuing or renewing a research license for premises within ((one thousand)) 1,000 feet but not less than ((one hundred)) 100 feet of an elementary school, secondary school, or playground in compliance with an ordinance passed pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the board must ensure that the facility:
- (i) Meets a security standard exceeding that which applies to cannabis producer, processor, or retailer licensees;
- (ii) Is inaccessible to the public and no part of the operation of the facility is in view of the general public; and
- (iii) Bears no advertising or signage indicating that it is a cannabis research facility.
- (e) The board must issue a certificate of compliance if the premises met the requirements under (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this subsection on the date of the application. The certificate allows the licensee to operate the business at the proposed location notwithstanding a later occurring, otherwise disqualifying factor.
- (f) The board may not issue a license for any premises within Indian country, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151, including any fee patent lands within the exterior boundaries of a reservation, without the consent of the federally recognized tribe associated with the reservation or Indian country.
- (9) A city, town, or county may adopt an ordinance prohibiting a cannabis producer or cannabis processor from operating or locating a business within areas zoned primarily for residential use or rural use with a minimum lot size of five acres or smaller.
- (10) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal of any license, the board must give substantial weight to objections from an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority based upon chronic illegal activity associated with the applicant's operations of the premises proposed to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed premises, or the conduct of the applicant's patrons inside or outside the licensed premises. "Chronic

- illegal activity" means (a) a pervasive pattern of activity that threatens the public health, safety, and welfare of the city, town, or county including, but not limited to, open container violations, assaults, disturbances, disorderly conduct, or other criminal law violations, or as documented in crime statistics, police reports, emergency medical response data, calls for service, field data, or similar records of a law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, or any other municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an unreasonably high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 associated with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed premises as indicated by the reported statements given to law enforcement upon arrest.
- 13 <u>(11) The board may not issue a cannabis retail license for any</u> 14 premises not currently licensed if:

- (a) The board receives a written objection from the legislative authority of an incorporated city or town, or county legislative authority, relating to the physical location of the proposed premises;
- (b) The objection to the location from the incorporated city or town, or county legislative authority, is received by the board within 20 days of the board notifying the incorporated city or town, or county legislative authority, of the proposed cannabis retail location; and
- (c) The objection to the issuance of a cannabis retail license at the specified location is based on a preexisting local ordinance limiting outlet density in a specific geographic area. For purposes of this subsection (11), a preexisting local ordinance is an ordinance enacted and in effect before the date the applicant submits an application for a cannabis retail license to the board identifying the premises proposed to be licensed. No objection related to the physical location of a proposed premises may be made by a local government under this subsection (11) based on a local ordinance enacted after the date the applicant submits an application for a cannabis retail license to the board identifying the premises proposed to be licensed.
- (12) After January 1, 2024, all cannabis licensees are encouraged but are not required to submit a social equity plan to the board.

 Upon confirmation by the board that a cannabis licensee who is not a social equity applicant, and who does not hold a social equity license issued under RCW 69.50.335, has submitted a social equity

- 1 plan, the board must within 30 days reimburse such a licensee an
- 2 amount equal to the cost of the licensee's annual cannabis license
- 3 renewal fee. The license renewal fee reimbursement authorized under
- 4 this subsection is subject to the following limitations:
- 5 (a) The board may provide reimbursement one time only to any
- 6 <u>licensed entity; and</u>
- 7 (b) Any licensed entity holding more than one cannabis license is
- 8 <u>eligible for reimbursement of the license renewal fee on only one</u>
- 9 license.
- 10 **Sec. 3.** RCW 69.50.335 and 2022 c 16 s 60 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 (1) (a) Beginning December 1, 2020, and until July 1, $((\frac{2029}{}))$
- 13 2032, cannabis retailer licenses, cannabis processor licenses, and
- 14 <u>cannabis producer licenses</u> that have been subject to forfeiture,
- 15 revocation, or cancellation by the board, or cannabis retailer
- 16 licenses that were not previously issued by the board but could have
- 17 been issued without exceeding the limit on the statewide number of
- 18 cannabis retailer licenses established before January 1, 2020, by the
- 19 board, may be issued or reissued to an applicant who meets the
- 20 cannabis retailer license, cannabis processor license, or cannabis
- 21 <u>producer license</u> requirements of this chapter.
- (b) In accordance with (a) of this subsection, the board may
- 23 <u>issue or reissue:</u>
- 24 (i) Up to 100 cannabis processor licenses immediately; and
- 25 <u>(ii) Beginning January 1, 2025, up to 10 cannabis producer</u>
- 26 <u>licenses</u>, which must be issued in conjunction with a cannabis
- 27 processor license.
- 28 (c) In addition to the cannabis retailer licenses and cannabis
- 29 producer licenses that may be issued under (a) and (b) of this
- 30 subsection, beginning January 1, 2023, and continuing every three
- 31 years until July 1, 2032, the board may, with the approval of the
- 32 <u>legislature through the passage of a bill, increase the number of</u>
- 33 <u>cannabis</u> retailer licenses and cannabis producer licenses for the
- 34 social equity program based on:
- 35 (i) The most recent census data available as of January 1, 2023;
- 36 and
- 37 (ii) The annual population estimates published by the office of
- 38 <u>financial management.</u>

- 1 (d) In addition to the cannabis retailer licenses that may be issued under (a) of this subsection, beginning January 1, 2024, and 2 until July 1, 2032, the board may issue up to 52 cannabis retailer 3 licenses for the social equity program. 4
- (e) (i) At the time of licensure, all licenses issued under the 5 6 social equity program under this section may be located in any city, 7 town, or county in the state that allows cannabis retail, cannabis production, or cannabis processing business activities, as 8 applicable, at the proposed location, regardless of: 9
- 10 (A) Whether a cannabis retailer license, cannabis producer license, or cannabis processor license was originally allocated to or 11 issued in another city, town, or county; and 12
- (B) The maximum number of retail cannabis licenses established by 13 14 the board for each county under RCW 69.50.345.
- (ii) The board must adopt rules establishing a threshold of the 15 number of licenses created by this section that can be located in 17 each county.

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- (f) After a social equity license has been issued under this section for a specific location, the location of the licensed business may not be moved to a city, town, or county different from the city, town, or county for which it was initially licensed.
- (2)(a) In order to be considered for a ((retail)) cannabis retailer license, cannabis processor license, or cannabis producer license under subsection (1) of this section, an applicant must be a social equity applicant and submit ((a social equity plan along with other cannabis retailer license application requirements)) required cannabis license materials to the board. If the application proposes ownership by more than one person, then at least ((fifty-one)) 51 percent of the proposed ownership structure must reflect the qualifications of a social equity applicant.
- (b) Persons holding an existing cannabis retailer license or title certificate for a cannabis retailer business in a local jurisdiction subject to a ban or moratorium on cannabis retail businesses may apply for a license under this section.
- (3) (a) In determining the priority for issuance of a license among applicants, the board ((may prioritize applicants based on the extent to which the application addresses the components of the social equity plan)) must select a third-party contractor to identify and score social equity applicants, using a scoring rubric developed

- by the board. The board must rely on the score provided by the thirdparty contractor in issuing licenses.
 - (b) The board may deny any application submitted under this subsection if ((the)):
 - (i) The board determines that ((÷

- (i) The application does not meet social equity goals or does not meet social equity plan requirements; or
- (ii) The application does not otherwise meet the licensing requirements of this chapter)), upon the advice of the third-party contractor, the application does not meet the social equity licensing requirements of this chapter; or
- (ii) The board determines the application does not otherwise meet licensing requirements.
 - (4) The board ((may)) must adopt rules to implement this section. ((Rules may include strategies for receiving)) Prior to adopting any rule implementing this section, the board must consider advice on the social equity program from individuals the program is intended to benefit. Rules may also require that licenses awarded under this section only be transferred to or ((sold only to)) assumed by individuals or groups of individuals who comply with the requirements for initial licensure as a social equity applicant ((with a social equity plan under this section)) for a period of at least five years from the date of initial licensure.
 - (5) The annual fee for issuance, reissuance, or renewal for any license under this section must be (($\frac{\text{equal to the fee established in}}{\text{RCW } 69.50.325}$)) waived through July 1, 2032.
 - (6) ((For the purposes of this section:)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Disproportionately impacted area" means a census tract or comparable geographic area ((that satisfies the following criteria, which may be further defined in rule by the board after consultation with the commission on African American affairs and other agencies, commissions, and community members as determined by the board:
 - (i) The area has a high poverty rate;
- (ii) The area has a high rate of participation in income-based federal or state programs)) within Washington state where community members were more likely to be impacted by the war on drugs. These areas must be determined in rule by the board, in consultation with the office of equity, using a standardized statistical equation to

- 1 <u>identify areas with demographic indicators consistent with</u>
- 2 populations most impacted by the war on drugs. These areas must be
- 3 assessed to account for demographic changes in the composition of the
- 4 population over time. Disproportionately impacted areas must include
- 5 census tracts or comparable geographic areas in the top 15th
- 6 percentile in at least two of the following demographic indicators of
- 7 populations most impacted by the war on drugs:

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- 8 <u>(i) The area has a high rate of people living under the federal</u> 9 poverty level;
- 10 <u>(ii) The area has a high rate of people who did not graduate from</u>
 11 high school;
 - (iii) The area has a high rate of unemployment; ((and)) or
- (iv) The area has a high rate of ((arrest, conviction, or incarceration related to the sale, possession, use, cultivation, manufacture, or transport of cannabis)) people receiving public assistance.
 - (b) "Social equity applicant" means((÷
 - (i) An applicant who has at least fifty-one percent ownership and control by one or more individuals who have resided in a disproportionately impacted area for a period of time defined in rule by the board after consultation with the commission on African American affairs and other commissions, agencies, and community members as determined by the board;
 - (ii) An applicant who has at least fifty-one percent ownership and control by at least one individual who has been convicted of a cannabis offense, a drug offense, or is a family member of such an individual; or
 - (iii) An applicant who meets criteria defined in rule by the board after consultation with the commission on African American affairs and other commissions, agencies, and community members as determined by the board)) an applicant who has at least 51 percent ownership and control by one or more individuals who meet at least two of the following qualifications:
- (i) Lived in a disproportionately impacted area in Washington state for a minimum of five years between 1980 and 2010;
- (ii) Has been arrested or convicted of a cannabis offense or has a family member who has been arrested or convicted of a cannabis offense;
- (iii) Had a household income in the year prior to submitting an application under this section that was less than the median

- 1 <u>household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the</u> 2 <u>United States census bureau; or</u>
 - (iv) Is both a socially and economically disadvantaged individual as defined by the office of minority and women's business enterprises under chapter 39.19 RCW.
 - (c) "Social equity goals" means:

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- (i) Increasing the number of cannabis retailer, producer, and processor licenses held by social equity applicants from disproportionately impacted areas; and
- (ii) Reducing accumulated harm suffered by individuals, families, and local areas subject to severe impacts from the historical application and enforcement of cannabis prohibition laws.
- ((d) "Social equity plan" means a plan that addresses at least some of the elements outlined in this subsection (6)(d), along with any additional plan components or requirements approved by the board following consultation with the task force created in RCW 69.50.336. The plan may include:
- (i) A statement that the social equity applicant qualifies as a social equity applicant and intends to own at least fifty-one percent of the proposed cannabis retail business or applicants representing at least fifty-one percent of the ownership of the proposed business qualify as social equity applicants;
- (ii) A description of how issuing a cannabis retail license to the social equity applicant will meet social equity goals;
 - (iii) The social equity applicant's personal or family history with the criminal justice system including any offenses involving cannabis;
 - (iv) The composition of the workforce the social equity applicant intends to hire;
- (v) Neighborhood characteristics of the location where the social equity applicant intends to operate, focusing especially on disproportionately impacted areas; and
 - (vi) Business plans involving partnerships or assistance to organizations or residents with connection to populations with a history of high rates of enforcement of cannabis prohibition.))
- 36 (7) Except for the process detailed in subsection (1) of this 37 section, the process for creating new cannabis retail licenses under 38 this chapter remains unaltered.

1 **Sec. 4.** RCW 69.50.345 and 2022 c 16 s 64 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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The board, subject to the provisions of this chapter, must adopt rules that establish the procedures and criteria necessary to implement the following:

- (1) Licensing of cannabis producers, cannabis processors, and cannabis retailers, including prescribing forms and establishing application, reinstatement, and renewal fees.
- (a) Application forms for cannabis producers must request the applicant to state whether the applicant intends to produce cannabis for sale by cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements and the amount of or percentage of canopy the applicant intends to commit to growing plants determined by the department under RCW 69.50.375 to be of a THC concentration, CBD concentration, or THC to CBD ratio appropriate for cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products sold to qualifying patients.
- (b) The board must reconsider and increase limits on the amount of square feet permitted to be in production on July 24, 2015, and increase the percentage of production space for those cannabis producers who intend to grow plants for cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements if the cannabis producer designates the increased production space to plants determined by the department under RCW 69.50.375 to be of a THC concentration, CBD concentration, or THC to CBD ratio appropriate for cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products to be sold to qualifying patients. If current cannabis producers do not use all the increased production space, the board may reopen the license period for new cannabis producer license applicants but only to those cannabis producers who agree to grow plants for cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements. Priority in licensing must be given to cannabis producer license applicants who have an application pending on July 24, 2015, but who are not yet licensed and then to new cannabis producer license applicants. After January 1, 2017, any reconsideration of the limits on the amount of square feet permitted to be in production to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients must consider information contained in the medical cannabis authorization database established in RCW 69.51A.230;
- 38 (2) ((Determining)) (a) Except as provided in RCW 69.50.335, 39 determining, in consultation with the office of financial management,

the maximum number of retail outlets that may be licensed in each county, taking into consideration:

 $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Population distribution;

- (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Security and safety issues;
- (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> The provision of adequate access to licensed sources of cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabisinfused products to discourage purchases from the illegal market; and
- ((\(\frac{(d+)}{(d+)}\)) (iv) The number of retail outlets holding medical cannabis endorsements necessary to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients. The board must reconsider and increase the maximum number of retail outlets it established before July 24, 2015, and allow for a new license application period and a greater number of retail outlets to be permitted in order to accommodate the medical needs of qualifying patients and designated providers. After January 1, 2017, any reconsideration of the maximum number of retail outlets needed to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients must consider information contained in the medical cannabis authorization database established in RCW 69.51A.230.
- (b) (i) In making the determination under (a) of this subsection, the board must consider written input from an incorporated city or town, or county legislative authority when evaluating concerns related to outlet density.
- (ii) An incorporated city or town, or county legislative authority, may enact an ordinance prescribing outlet density limitations. An ordinance may not affect licenses issued before the effective date of the ordinance prescribing outlet density limitations.
- 28 <u>(iii) The board may adopt rules to identify how local</u>
 29 jurisdiction input will be evaluated;
 - (3) Determining the maximum quantity of cannabis a cannabis producer may have on the premises of a licensed location at any time without violating Washington state law;
 - (4) Determining the maximum quantities of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products a cannabis processor may have on the premises of a licensed location at any time without violating Washington state law;
- 37 (5) Determining the maximum quantities of cannabis concentrates, 38 useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products a cannabis retailer 39 may have on the premises of a retail outlet at any time without 40 violating Washington state law;

- 1 (6) In making the determinations required by this section, the 2 board shall take into consideration:
 - (a) Security and safety issues;

- (b) The provision of adequate access to licensed sources of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products to discourage purchases from the illegal market; and
- (c) Economies of scale, and their impact on licensees' ability to both comply with regulatory requirements and undercut illegal market prices;
- (7) Determining the nature, form, and capacity of all containers to be used by licensees to contain cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products, and their labeling requirements;
- (8) In consultation with the department of agriculture and the department, establishing classes of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis infused products according to grade, condition, cannabinoid profile, THC concentration, CBD concentration, or other qualitative measurements deemed appropriate by the board;
- (9) Establishing reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions and requirements regarding advertising of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, taking into consideration:
- (a) Federal laws relating to cannabis that are applicable within Washington state;
- (b) Minimizing exposure of people under twenty-one years of age to the advertising;
- (c) The inclusion of medically and scientifically accurate information about the health and safety risks posed by cannabis use in the advertising; and
- 31 (d) Ensuring that retail outlets with medical cannabis 32 endorsements may advertise themselves as medical retail outlets;
 - (10) Specifying and regulating the time and periods when, and the manner, methods, and means by which, licensees shall transport and deliver cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products within the state;
 - (11) In consultation with the department and the department of agriculture, establishing accreditation requirements for testing laboratories used by licensees to demonstrate compliance with standards adopted by the board, and prescribing methods of producing,

- processing, and packaging cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products; conditions of sanitation; and standards of ingredients, quality, and identity of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products produced, processed, packaged, or sold by licensees;
- 6 (12) Specifying procedures for identifying, seizing,
 7 confiscating, destroying, and donating to law enforcement for
 8 training purposes all cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable
 9 cannabis, and cannabis-infused products produced, processed,
 10 packaged, labeled, or offered for sale in this state that do not
 11 conform in all respects to the standards prescribed by this chapter
 12 or the rules of the board.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 69.50.345 and 2022 c 16 s 65 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

The board, subject to the provisions of this chapter, must adopt rules that establish the procedures and criteria necessary to implement the following:

- (1) Licensing of cannabis producers, cannabis processors, and cannabis retailers, including prescribing forms and establishing application, reinstatement, and renewal fees.
- (a) Application forms for cannabis producers must request the applicant to state whether the applicant intends to produce cannabis for sale by cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements and the amount of or percentage of canopy the applicant intends to commit to growing plants determined by the department under RCW 69.50.375 to be of a THC concentration, CBD concentration, or THC to CBD ratio appropriate for cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products sold to qualifying patients.
- (b) The board must reconsider and increase limits on the amount of square feet permitted to be in production on July 24, 2015, and increase the percentage of production space for those cannabis producers who intend to grow plants for cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements if the cannabis producer designates the increased production space to plants determined by the department under RCW 69.50.375 to be of a THC concentration, CBD concentration, or THC to CBD ratio appropriate for cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products to be sold to qualifying patients. If current cannabis producers do not use all the increased production space, the board may reopen the license period for new

- cannabis producer license applicants but only to those cannabis producers who agree to grow plants for cannabis retailers holding medical cannabis endorsements. Priority in licensing must be given to cannabis producer license applicants who have an application pending on July 24, 2015, but who are not yet licensed and then to new cannabis producer license applicants. After January 1, 2017, any reconsideration of the limits on the amount of square feet permitted to be in production to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients must consider information contained in the medical cannabis authorization database established in RCW 69.51A.230;
 - (2) ((Determining)) (a) Except as provided in RCW 69.50.335, determining, in consultation with the office of financial management, the maximum number of retail outlets that may be licensed in each county, taking into consideration:
 - $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Population distribution;
- 16 $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (ii) Security and safety issues;

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- 17 (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> The provision of adequate access to licensed 18 sources of cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-19 infused products to discourage purchases from the illegal market; and
 - ((\(\frac{(d+)}\)) (iv) The number of retail outlets holding medical cannabis endorsements necessary to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients. The board must reconsider and increase the maximum number of retail outlets it established before July 24, 2015, and allow for a new license application period and a greater number of retail outlets to be permitted in order to accommodate the medical needs of qualifying patients and designated providers. After January 1, 2017, any reconsideration of the maximum number of retail outlets needed to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients must consider information contained in the medical cannabis authorization database established in RCW 69.51A.230.
- 31 (b) (i) In making the determination under (a) of this subsection, 32 the board must consider written input from an incorporated city or 33 town, or county legislative authority when evaluating concerns 34 related to outlet density.
- 35 <u>(ii) An incorporated city or town, or county legislative</u>
 36 <u>authority, may enact an ordinance prescribing outlet density</u>
 37 <u>limitations. An ordinance may not affect licenses issued before the</u>
 38 <u>effective date of the ordinance prescribing outlet density</u>
 39 limitations.

- 1 <u>(iii) The board may adopt rules to identify how local</u> 2 jurisdiction input will be evaluated;
 - (3) Determining the maximum quantity of cannabis a cannabis producer may have on the premises of a licensed location at any time without violating Washington state law;
 - (4) Determining the maximum quantities of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products a cannabis processor may have on the premises of a licensed location at any time without violating Washington state law;
 - (5) Determining the maximum quantities of cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products a cannabis retailer may have on the premises of a retail outlet at any time without violating Washington state law;
- 14 (6) In making the determinations required by this section, the board shall take into consideration:
 - (a) Security and safety issues;

- (b) The provision of adequate access to licensed sources of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products to discourage purchases from the illegal market; and
- (c) Economies of scale, and their impact on licensees' ability to both comply with regulatory requirements and undercut illegal market prices;
- (7) Determining the nature, form, and capacity of all containers to be used by licensees to contain cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products, and their labeling requirements;
- (8) In consultation with the department of agriculture and the department, establishing classes of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products according to grade, condition, cannabinoid profile, THC concentration, CBD concentration, or other qualitative measurements deemed appropriate by the board;
- (9) Establishing reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions and requirements regarding advertising of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, taking into consideration:
- 37 (a) Federal laws relating to cannabis that are applicable within 38 Washington state;
- 39 (b) Minimizing exposure of people under ((twenty-one)) 21 years 40 of age to the advertising;

1 (c) The inclusion of medically and scientifically accurate 2 information about the health and safety risks posed by cannabis use 3 in the advertising; and

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- (d) Ensuring that retail outlets with medical cannabis endorsements may advertise themselves as medical retail outlets;
- (10) Specifying and regulating the time and periods when, and the manner, methods, and means by which, licensees shall transport and deliver cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products within the state;
- (11) In consultation with the department and the department of agriculture, prescribing methods of producing, processing, and packaging cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products; conditions of sanitation; and standards of ingredients, quality, and identity of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products produced, processed, packaged, or sold by licensees;
- (12) Specifying procedures for identifying, seizing, confiscating, destroying, and donating to law enforcement for training purposes all cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products produced, processed, packaged, labeled, or offered for sale in this state that do not conform in all respects to the standards prescribed by this chapter or the rules of the board.
- Sec. 6. RCW 69.50.101 and 2022 c 16 s 51 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 28 (a) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether 29 by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to 30 the body of a patient or research subject by:
- 31 (1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe (or, by the 32 practitioner's authorized agent); or
- 33 (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 34 presence of the practitioner.
 - (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseperson, or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson.
- 39 (c) "Board" means the Washington state liquor and cannabis board.

(d) "Cannabis" means all parts of the plant *Cannabis*, whether growing or not, with a THC concentration greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not include:

- (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination; or
- 13 (2) Hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020, seeds 14 used for licensed hemp production under chapter 15.140 RCW.
 - (e) "Cannabis concentrates" means products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant *Cannabis* and having a THC concentration greater than ten percent.
 - (f) "Cannabis processor" means a person licensed by the board to process cannabis into cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products, package and label cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products for sale in retail outlets, and sell cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products at wholesale to cannabis retailers.
 - (g) "Cannabis producer" means a person licensed by the board to produce and sell cannabis at wholesale to cannabis processors and other cannabis producers.
 - (h) "Cannabis products" means useable cannabis, cannabis concentrates, and cannabis-infused products as defined in this section.
 - (i) "Cannabis researcher" means a person licensed by the board to produce, process, and possess cannabis for the purposes of conducting research on cannabis and cannabis-derived drug products.
 - (j) "Cannabis retailer" means a person licensed by the board to sell cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products in a retail outlet.
 - (k) "Cannabis-infused products" means products that contain cannabis or cannabis extracts, are intended for human use, are derived from cannabis as defined in subsection (d) of this section, and have a THC concentration no greater than ten percent. The term

- "cannabis-infused products" does not include either useable cannabis
 or cannabis concentrates.
- 3 (1) "CBD concentration" has the meaning provided in RCW 4 69.51A.010.
- 5 (m) "CBD product" means any product containing or consisting of 6 cannabidiol.
 - (n) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- 8 (o) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate 9 precursor included in Schedules I through V as set forth in federal 10 or state laws, or federal or commission rules, but does not include 11 hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020.
 - (p)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and:
 - (i) that has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or
 - (ii) with respect to a particular individual, that the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.
 - (2) The term does not include:
 - (i) a controlled substance;

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- 27 (ii) a substance for which there is an approved new drug 28 application;
 - (iii) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355, or chapter 69.77 RCW to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
- 34 (iv) any substance to the extent not intended for human 35 consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the 36 substance.
- 37 (q) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual or constructive 38 transfer from one person to another of a substance, whether or not 39 there is an agency relationship.
 - (r) "Department" means the department of health.

- 1 (s) "Designated provider" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
 - (t) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a controlled substance and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
 - (u) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

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- 9 (v) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
 - (w) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
 - (x) "Drug" means (1) a controlled substance recognized as a drug in the official United States pharmacopoeia/national formulary or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to them; (2) controlled substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in individuals or animals; (3) controlled substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and (4) controlled substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection. The term does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.
 - (y) "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement administration in the United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency.
 - (z) "Electronic communication of prescription information" means the transmission of a prescription or refill authorization for a drug of a practitioner using computer systems. The term does not include a prescription or refill authorization verbally transmitted by telephone nor a facsimile manually signed by the practitioner.
- 31 (aa) "Immature plant or clone" means a plant or clone that has no 32 flowers, is less than twelve inches in height, and is less than 33 twelve inches in diameter.
 - (bb) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
- 35 (1) that the commission has found to be and by rule designates as 36 being the principal compound commonly used, or produced primarily for 37 use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
- 38 (2) that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to 39 be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; and

1 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

- (cc) "Isomer" means an optical isomer, but in subsection (gg) (5) of this section, RCW 69.50.204(a) (12) and (34), and 69.50.206(b) (4), the term includes any geometrical isomer; in RCW 69.50.204(a) (8) and (42), and 69.50.210(c) the term includes any positional isomer; and in RCW 69.50.204(a) (35), 69.50.204(c), and 69.50.208(a) the term includes any positional or geometric isomer.
- (dd) "Lot" means a definite quantity of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused product identified by a lot number, every portion or package of which is uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors that appear in the labeling.
- (ee) "Lot number" must identify the licensee by business or trade name and Washington state unified business identifier number, and the date of harvest or processing for each lot of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused product.
- (ff) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or relabeling of a controlled substance:
- (1) by a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- (gg) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium, opium derivative, and any derivative of opium or opium derivative, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is

- possible within the specific chemical designation. The term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
- (2) Synthetic opiate and any derivative of synthetic opiate, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation.
- (3) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw.
- 9 (4) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves 10 from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives or ecgonine or their 11 salts have been removed.
 - (5) Cocaine, or any salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.
- 13 (6) Cocaine base.

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- 14 (7) Ecgonine, or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of isomer 15 thereof.
 - (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of any substance referred to in (1) through (7) of this subsection.
 - (hh) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term includes opium, substances derived from opium (opium derivatives), and synthetic opiates. The term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under RCW 69.50.201, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes the racemic and levorotatory forms of dextromethorphan.
 - (ii) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
 - (jj) "Person" means individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.
 - (kk) "Plant" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- 34 (11) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the 35 opium poppy, after mowing.
 - (mm) "Practitioner" means:
- 37 (1) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW; a physician assistant 38 under chapter 18.71A RCW; an osteopathic physician and surgeon under 39 chapter 18.57 RCW; an optometrist licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW 40 who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010 subject

- 1 to any limitations in RCW 18.53.010; a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW; a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW; a 2 3 veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW; a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse under 4 chapter 18.79 RCW; a naturopathic physician under chapter 18.36A RCW 5 6 who is licensed under RCW 18.36A.030 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.36A.040; a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW or a scientific 7 investigator under this chapter, licensed, registered or otherwise 8 permitted insofar as is consistent with those licensing laws to 9 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer 10 11 a controlled substance in the course of their professional practice 12 or research in this state.
 - (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.

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- (3) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed physician assistant or a licensed osteopathic physician assistant specifically approved to prescribe controlled substances by his or her state's medical commission or equivalent and his or her supervising physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled substances, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in any state of the United States.
- (nn) "Prescription" means an order for controlled substances issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe controlled substances within the scope of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.
- 32 (oo) "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, 33 cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- (pp) "Qualifying patient" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- (qq) "Recognition card" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- (rr) "Retail outlet" means a location licensed by the board for the retail sale of cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products.

1 (ss) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.

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- (tt) "Social equity plan" means a plan that addresses at least some of the elements outlined in this subsection (tt), along with any additional plan components or requirements approved by the board following consultation with the task force created in RCW 69.50.336. The plan may include:
- 8 <u>(1) A statement that indicates how the cannabis licensee will</u>
 9 <u>work to promote social equity goals in their community;</u>
- 10 (2) A description of how the cannabis licensee will meet social 11 equity goals as defined in RCW 69.50.335;
 - (3) The composition of the workforce the licensee has employed or intends to hire; and
 - (4) Business plans involving partnerships or assistance to organizations or residents with connections to populations with a history of high rates of enforcement of cannabis prohibition.
 - (uu) "State," unless the context otherwise requires, means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
 - ((\(\frac{\text{(uu)}}{\text{)}}\)) (vv) "THC concentration" means percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol content per dry weight of any part of the plant Cannabis, or per volume or weight of cannabis product, or the combined percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant Cannabis regardless of moisture content.
 - (((vv))) (ww) "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's household or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's household.
- $((\frac{\text{(ww)}}{\text{)}}))$ <u>(xx)</u> "Useable cannabis" means dried cannabis flowers.

 The term "useable cannabis" does not include either cannabis-infused products or cannabis concentrates.
- ((\(\frac{(xx)}{)}\)) (yy) "Youth access" means the level of interest persons under the age of twenty-one may have in a vapor product, as well as the degree to which the product is available or appealing to such persons, and the likelihood of initiation, use, or addiction by adolescents and young adults.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee must review prior canopy studies completed by the liquor and cannabis board and examine whether current levels of cannabis production align with market demand and capacity, including the impact of any additional cannabis producer licenses granted under this act.
- 7 (2) The joint legislative audit and review committee must report 8 results of their review to the governor and appropriate committees of 9 the legislature by June 30, 2025.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Section 4 of this act expires July 1, 11 2024.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Section 5 of this act takes effect July 1, 2024.

Passed by the Senate April 13, 2023. Passed by the House April 10, 2023. Approved by the Governor May 1, 2023. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 2, 2023.

--- END ---

- WAC 314-55-570 Social equity in cannabis program. (1) Definitions.
- (a) "Disproportionately impacted area (DIA)" means a census tract within Washington state where community members were more likely to be impacted by the war on drugs. These areas are determined using a standardized statistical equation to identify areas of high unemployment, low income, and demographic indicators consistent with populations most impacted by the war on drugs, including areas with higher rates of arrest for drug charges. The board will provide maps to identify disproportionately impacted areas. The maps will reflect census tracts from different time periods to account for gentrification.
 - (b) "Family member" means:
- (i) A biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a child's spouse, or a child to whom the applicant stands in loco parentis (in place of the parent), is a legal guardian, or is a de facto parent, regardless of age or dependency status;
- (ii) Grandchild, grandparent, parent, or sibling of a child as defined in (b)(i) of this subsection;
 - (iii) Spouse or domestic partner;
- (iv) Any individual who regularly resides in the applicant's home or where the relationship creates an expectation that the applicant care for the person and that individual depends on the applicant for care, or that the individual care for the applicant and that the applicant depends on the individual for care.
- (c) "Median household income" means the most recent median household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the United States Census Bureau.
- (d) "Person" means a real human being, distinguished from a corporation, company, or other business entity.
- (e) "Preliminary letter of approval" means an approval letter issued to a social equity program applicant for purposes of securing a grant from the department of commerce and a location and other necessities to complete the licensing process.
- (f) "Social equity program applicant" means a person(s) who meets the requirements of the social equity program.
- (g) "Social equity contractor" means a third party responsible to review and score social equity program applications.
- (h) "Social equity licensee" means a person or entity that holds a social equity cannabis license or any person or entity who is a true party of interest in a social equity in cannabis license as described in WAC 314-55-035.
- (i) "Social equity plan" means a plan that addresses the following elements including, but not limited to:
- (i) A description of how issuing a cannabis retail license to the social equity applicant will meet social equity goals as described in statute;
- (ii) The social equity applicant's personal or family history with the criminal justice system, including any offenses involving cannabis; and
- (iii) Business plans involving partnerships or assistance to organizations or residents with connections or contributions to populations with a history of high rates of enforcement of cannabis prohibition.
- (j) "Social equity title certificate holder" means a cannabis retail license title certificate holder that meets the requirements of a social equity program applicant as determined by the social equity

contractor, and is unable to open for business in the city or county where the cannabis retail license is located.

- (2) Social equity applicant requirements.
- (a) To be considered for the social equity program under this chapter and RCW 69.50.335, the following requirements must be met by each applicant:
- (b) At least a 51 percent majority, or controlling interest, in the applicant, must be held by a person, or persons, who has or have resided in Washington state for six months prior to the application date, consistent with RCW 69.50.331, and meets at least two of the following qualifications:
- (i) **Qualification 1:** The social equity applicant or applicants have lived in a disproportionately impacted area in Washington state for a minimum of five years between 1980 and 2010; or
- (ii) **Qualification 2:** The social equity applicant or a family member of the applicant has been arrested or convicted of a cannabis offense; or
- (iii) **Qualification 3:** The social equity applicant's household income in the year prior to submitting the application was less than the median household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the United States Census Bureau.
 - (3) Social equity application process.
 - (a) Application window.
- (i) The board will open the application window for an initial period of 30 calendar days.
- (ii) At its sole discretion, the board may reopen the application window:
- (A) After initial evaluation of applications is received and locations are still available; or
- (B) If additional allotments become available after the initial application window has closed pursuant to RCW 69.50.335.
 - (b) Initial application requirements.
- (i) The social equity application must be submitted electronically through the department of revenue's business licensing online application system.
- (ii) The social equity applicant must apply to the department of revenue's business licensing service within the 30-day application window. All required information must be completed on the application and payment must be submitted within the 30-day application window for the application to be accepted.
- (iii) The social equity applicant, whether applying as a person, persons, or entity, may apply for a cannabis license only once during each application window described in subsection (4)(c) of this section.
- (iv) An application to reinstate the license of a social equity title certificate holder will not be considered a new social equity license application. The social equity title certificate holder may submit an application for a social equity license and an application to reinstate their existing license through the social equity program.
- (v) A location address is not required at the time of application.
- (c) **Social equity contractor review.** Once the application window is closed, the social equity contractor will evaluate and prioritize all applications received within the 30-day application window.
- (i) The social equity applicant must select one county where they wish to operate their business and notify the social equity contractor

of their selection in the form and manner required by the social equity contractor.

- (ii) The social equity applicant must submit documentation verifying the eligibility requirements described in (c)(D)(viii) of this subsection to the social equity contractor in the form and manner required by the social equity contractor.
- (iii) Examples of documentation that may verify eligibility requirements include, but are not limited to:
- (A) School records, rental agreements, utility bills, mortgage statements, loan documents, bank records, or tax returns that show the applicant's address(es), or a signed declaration that includes the applicant's address(es) indicating that the applicant resided in a DIA; or
- (B) The applicant's arrest or conviction records, or family member's arrest or conviction records and an affirmation of the familial relationship signed by the applicant and the family member; or
- (C) The applicant's tax returns demonstrating their income for the prior year; or
- (D) Any other documentation that verifies the eligibility requirements described in (c)(D)(viii) of this subsection.
- (iv) If additional materials are needed, the social equity applicant will receive a letter electronically from the social equity contractor directing the applicant to submit additional application materials directly to the social equity contractor.
- (v) The social equity applicant must submit complete and accurate additional application materials directly to the social equity contractor within 15 business days of the date of the letter. It is the responsibility of the social equity applicant to comply with the application requirements in this section and ensure the application is complete, accurate, and successfully submitted to the social equity contractor.
- (vi) If the application is determined to be incomplete by the social equity contractor, the social equity applicant will be provided with 14 days to submit a complete application. The social equity contractor will score the application based on the materials submitted within the time frame.
- (vii) The social equity contractor will review the application materials, including the social equity plan provided by the social equity applicant to determine if the applicant meets the requirements of a social equity applicant.
- (viii) After the social equity contractor determines that the requirements have been met, the social equity contractor will score social equity applications using the following scoring rubric to prioritize social equity applicants:

	Social Equity Application Scoring Rubric			
Category	Eligibility Requirements			
	1. Lived in a disproportionately impacted area (DIA)	40		
	1a. How long have you lived in a DIA? 5y -10y = 20 points 10 + years = 40 points	40		
	2. Convicted of a drug offense? (Self)	10		
	2a. Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Self)	40		
	3. Convicted of a drug offense? (Family)	5		
	3a. Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Family)	5		
	4. If you were convicted of a cannabis offense, what type of sentence did you receive: Fine = 10 points Served probation = 20 points Confined to home = 40 points Served time in jail or prison = 80 points	80		
	5. Did you or your family member's incarceration keep you from getting employment?	5		
	6. Did you lose your home or ability to purchase a home or rent a home as a result of your convictions or arrests?	5		
	7. Is your household income less than the median household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the United States Census Bureau?	40		
	8. Did you own or operate a medical cannabis dispensary or collective garden, licensed as a business, prior to July 1, 2016 (10 points)?	10		
	or			
	Did you own and operate a medical cannabis dispensary or collective garden licensed as a business in a DIA (30 points)?	30 in a DIA		
	9. Have you held or do you currently hold 51 percent majority/controlling interest of a state cannabis (marijuana) retailer license? No = 10 points Yes = 0 points	10		
	Total Maximum Points	310 points		

- (ix) The social equity contractor will provide the board with a list of eligible and scored social equity applicants.
- (x) Neither the social equity contractor nor its employees shall benefit from any license or licenses granted as a result of their review.
- (d)(i) **Board review.** Social equity applicants that are scored highest by the social equity contractor within the county selected by the social equity applicant will be processed by the board.
- (ii) In the event of a tie, the board will use a double blind lottery conducted by an independent third party to identify the application(s) that will be processed.
- (e) **Preliminary letter of approval.** Once the social equity applications that will be processed are identified as described in this section, eligible social equity applicants will be issued a preliminary letter of approval.
 - (4) Additional provisions.
- (a) **Time restrictions**. There are no time restrictions for a social equity applicant to select and secure a location.
- (b) **Ownership changes**. Social equity applicants may not make ownership changes to an application after the application has been reviewed, scored, and prioritized by the social equity contractor.
- (c) Social equity applicants may apply for a social equity license once per application window. If a social equity applicant ap-

plies more than once, the board will accept only the first application.

- (d) **License mobility.** Social equity licenses that are currently designated to specific cities may be located anywhere within the county in which the city is located. However, the license may not be transferred outside of that county.
- (e) Qualifying for the social equity program will not result in or guarantee cannabis business license approval. Social equity applicants must meet all license qualifications in WAC 314-55-077 and this chapter to receive a license.
- (f) License transfer and assumption. Licenses awarded under this section may not be transferred or assumed within the first year of the license being issued. Licenses awarded under this section may only be transferred to or assumed by individuals or groups of individuals who meet the definition of a social equity program applicant for a period of five years from the date of the initial license was approved.
- (5) Social equity title certificate holders. A title certificate holder that meets the requirements of a social equity program applicant as determined by the social equity contractor may reinstate their retail cannabis license anywhere within the county that they hold their title certificate.
- (6) **Application withdrawal**. The board will withdraw a social equity application if:
- (a) The social equity program application or additional materials are determined to be incomplete or incorrect by the social equity contractor;
- (b) The social equity program application materials are not timely received by the social equity contractor;
- (c) The social equity applicant is not selected to continue with the licensing application process; or
- (d) The social equity applicant(s) requests withdrawal of the social equity program application at any time in the application process. The social equity applicant(s) must request withdrawal in writing. The voluntary withdrawal of a social equity program application does not result in a hearing right.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 69.50.335, 69.50.336, 69.50.342, and 2022 c 16. WSR 22-21-058, § 314-55-570, filed 10/12/22, effective 11/12/22.]

- RCW 69.50.335 Cannabis retailer, processor, producer licenses—Issue, reissue of licenses—Social equity applicants—Rules—Definitions. (1)(a) Beginning December 1, 2020, and until July 1, 2032, cannabis retailer licenses, cannabis processor licenses, and cannabis producer licenses that have been subject to forfeiture, revocation, or cancellation by the board, or cannabis retailer licenses that were not previously issued by the board but could have been issued without exceeding the limit on the statewide number of cannabis retailer licenses established before January 1, 2020, by the board, may be issued or reissued to an applicant who meets the cannabis retailer license, cannabis processor license, or cannabis producer license requirements of this chapter.
- (b) In accordance with (a) of this subsection, the board may issue or reissue:
 - (i) Up to 100 cannabis processor licenses immediately; and
- (ii) Beginning January 1, 2025, up to 10 cannabis producer licenses, which must be issued in conjunction with a cannabis processor license.
- (c) In addition to the cannabis retailer licenses and cannabis producer licenses that may be issued under (a) and (b) of this subsection, beginning January 1, 2023, and continuing every three years until July 1, 2032, the board may, with the approval of the legislature through the passage of a bill, increase the number of cannabis retailer licenses and cannabis producer licenses for the social equity program based on:
- (i) The most recent census data available as of January 1, 2023; and
- $\left(\text{ii}\right)$ The annual population estimates published by the office of financial management.
- (d) In addition to the cannabis retailer licenses that may be issued under (a) of this subsection, beginning January 1, 2024, and until July 1, 2032, the board may issue up to 52 cannabis retailer licenses for the social equity program.
- (e)(i) At the time of licensure, all licenses issued under the social equity program under this section may be located in any city, town, or county in the state that allows cannabis retail, cannabis production, or cannabis processing business activities, as applicable, at the proposed location, regardless of:
- (A) Whether a cannabis retailer license, cannabis producer license, or cannabis processor license was originally allocated to or issued in another city, town, or county; and
- (B) The maximum number of retail cannabis licenses established by the board for each county under RCW 69.50.345.
- (ii) The board must adopt rules establishing a threshold of the number of licenses created by this section that can be located in each county.
- (f) After a social equity license has been issued under this section for a specific location, the location of the licensed business may not be moved to a city, town, or county different from the city, town, or county for which it was initially licensed.
- (2)(a) In order to be considered for a cannabis retailer license, cannabis processor license, or cannabis producer license under subsection (1) of this section, an applicant must be a social equity applicant and submit required cannabis license materials to the board. If the application proposes ownership by more than one person, then at

least 51 percent of the proposed ownership structure must reflect the qualifications of a social equity applicant.

- (b) Persons holding an existing cannabis retailer license or title certificate for a cannabis retailer business in a local jurisdiction subject to a ban or moratorium on cannabis retail businesses may apply for a license under this section.
- (3)(a) In determining the priority for issuance of a license among applicants, the board must select a third-party contractor to identify and score social equity applicants, using a scoring rubric developed by the board. The board must rely on the score provided by the third-party contractor in issuing licenses.
- (b) The board may deny any application submitted under this subsection if:
- (i) The board determines that, upon the advice of the third-party contractor, the application does not meet the social equity licensing requirements of this chapter; or
- (ii) The board determines the application does not otherwise meet licensing requirements.
- (4) The board must adopt rules to implement this section. Prior to adopting any rule implementing this section, the board must consider advice on the social equity program from individuals the program is intended to benefit. Rules may also require that licenses awarded under this section only be transferred to or assumed by individuals or groups of individuals who comply with the requirements for initial licensure as a social equity applicant for a period of at least five years from the date of initial licensure.
- (5) The annual fee for issuance, reissuance, or renewal for any license under this section must be waived through July 1, 2032.
- (6) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Disproportionately impacted area" means a census tract or comparable geographic area within Washington state where community members were more likely to be impacted by the war on drugs. These areas must be determined in rule by the board, in consultation with the office of equity, using a standardized statistical equation to identify areas with demographic indicators consistent with populations most impacted by the war on drugs. These areas must be assessed to account for demographic changes in the composition of the population over time. Disproportionately impacted areas must include census tracts or comparable geographic areas in the top 15th percentile in at least two of the following demographic indicators of populations most impacted by the war on drugs:
- (i) The area has a high rate of people living under the federal poverty level;
- (ii) The area has a high rate of people who did not graduate from high school;
 - (iii) The area has a high rate of unemployment; or
- (iv) The area has a high rate of people receiving public assistance.
- (b) "Social equity applicant" means an applicant who has at least 51 percent ownership and control by one or more individuals who meet at least two of the following qualifications:
- (i) Lived in a disproportionately impacted area in Washington state for a minimum of five years between 1980 and 2010;
- (ii) Has been arrested or convicted of a cannabis offense or has a family member who has been arrested or convicted of a cannabis offense;

- (iii) Had a household income in the year prior to submitting an application under this section that was less than the median household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the United States census bureau; or
- (iv) Is both a socially and economically disadvantaged individual as defined by the office of minority and women's business enterprises under chapter 39.19 RCW.
 - (c) "Social equity goals" means:
- (i) Increasing the number of cannabis retailer, producer, and processor licenses held by social equity applicants from disproportionately impacted areas; and
- (ii) Reducing accumulated harm suffered by individuals, families, and local areas subject to severe impacts from the historical application and enforcement of cannabis prohibition laws.
- (7) Except for the process detailed in subsection (1) of this section, the process for creating new cannabis retail licenses under this chapter remains unaltered. [2023 c 220 s 3; 2022 c 16 s 60; 2021 c 169 s 2; 2020 c 236 s 2.]

Intent—Finding—2022 c 16: See note following RCW 69.50.101.

Findings—Intent—2020 c 236: "(1) The legislature finds that additional efforts are necessary to reduce barriers to entry to the cannabis industry for individuals and communities most adversely impacted by the enforcement of cannabis-related laws. In the interest of establishing a cannabis industry that is equitable and accessible to those most adversely impacted by the enforcement of drug-related laws, including cannabis-related laws, the legislature finds a social equity program should be created.

- (2) The legislature finds that individuals who have been arrested or incarcerated due to drug laws, and those who have resided in areas of high poverty, suffer long-lasting adverse consequences, including impacts to employment, business ownership, housing, health, and long-term financial well-being. The legislature also finds that family members, especially children, and communities of those who have been arrested or incarcerated due to drug laws, suffer from emotional, psychological, and financial harms as a result of such arrests and incarceration. The legislature further finds that individuals in disproportionately impacted areas suffered the harms of enforcement of cannabis-related laws. Those communities face greater difficulties accessing traditional banking systems and capital for establishing businesses.
- (3) The legislature therefore finds that in the interest of remedying harms resulting from the enforcement of cannabis-related laws in disproportionately impacted areas, creating a social equity program will further an equitable cannabis industry by promoting business ownership among individuals who have resided in areas of high poverty and high enforcement of cannabis-related laws. The social equity program should offer, among other things, financial and technical assistance and license application benefits to individuals most directly and adversely impacted by the enforcement of cannabis-related laws who are interested in starting cannabis business enterprises. It is the intent of the legislature that implementation of the social equity program authorized by this act not result in an increase in the number of marijuana [cannabis] retailer licenses above the limit on the number of marijuana [cannabis] retailer licenses in

the state established by the [Washington state liquor and cannabis] board before January 1, 2020." [2020 c 236 s 1.]

CODE REVISER USE ONLY



PREPROPOSAL STATEMENT **OF INQUIRY**

CR-101 (October 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.310)

Do NOT use for expedited rule making

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON **FILED**

DATE: November 08, 2023

TIME: 1:18 PM

WSR 23-23-062

Agency: Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board

Subject of possible rule making: Chapter 314-55 WAC. The Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board (Board) is considering rulemaking to implement Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill (E2SSB) 5080 (chapter 220, Laws of 2023) enacted during the 2023 legislative session related to various provisions of the Social Equity in Cannabis Program. As part of this rulemaking, the Board is considering creating new, and amending or repealing existing rule throughout chapter 314-55 WAC as necessary to implement E2SSB 5080.

Statutes authorizing the agency to adopt rules on this subject: RCW 69.50.335; RCW 69.50.342.

Reasons why rules on this subject may be needed and what they might accomplish: Rules may be needed to implement the following provisions of E2SSB 5080:

- Updating definitions such as disproportionately impacted area (DIA), social equity plan, social equity applicant, and other relevant definitions within the scope of the social equity in cannabis program;
- Creating a framework and process for local jurisdiction input on outlet density;
- Expanding social equity license issuance and reissuance:
- Providing for license mobility and county threshold establishment; and
- Other revisions as necessary to align current rules within the scope of E2SSB 5080.

Identify other federal and state agencies that regulate this subject and the process coordinating the rule with these agencies: None.

Process for	or developing new rule (check all that apply):
	Negotiated rule making
	Pilot rule making
	Agency study
⊠	Other (describe) Collaborative rule making
	I parties can participate in the decision to adopt the new rule and formulation of the proposed rule before

publication by contacting:

(If necessary)

Name: Cassidy West, Policy and Rules Manager Name: Address: PO Box 43080, Olympia, WA 98504 Address: Phone: 360-878-4235 Phone: Fax: 360-704-5027 Fax: TTY: TTY: Email: rules@lcb.wa.gov Email: Web site: lcb.wa.gov Web site: Other:

Additional comments: Interested persons can participate in the rule process through open public meetings and by submitting written comments, and are encouraged to sign up for the interested parties list (GovDelivery) at https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/WALCB/subscriber/new. Rule-making notices and stakeholder engagement opportunities will be emailed via GovDelivery and posted to the WSLCB website at lcb.wa.gov.

Date: November 8, 2023	Signature:
Name: David Postman	(Val)
Title: Chair	

PROPOSED RULE MAKING



CR-102 (June 2024) (Implements RCW 34.05.320)
Do NOT use for expedited rule making

Agency: Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board

CODE REVISER USE ONLY

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON **FILED**

DATE: August 06, 2024

TIME: 12:11 PM

WSR 24-16-130

•	•			
	☑ Original Notice			
□ Supplemental Notice	ce to WSR			
☐ Continuance of WS	SR			
	nent of Inqu	uiry was filed as WSR 23-2	23-062 ;	or
• •	-	sed notice was filed as W		
-		N 34.05.310(4) or 34.05.330		
☐ Proposal is exemp		• •	()/	
Title of rule and other WAC 314-55-570 to im expand and improve the licensing thresholds, ar	identifying plement Enq e social equ	information: (describe subgrossed Second Substitute Sity in cannabis program, incl	Senate I	itle 314-55 WAC. Rule language is being proposed to Bill (E2SSB) 5080, (chapter 220, Laws of 2023) to evisions to the scoring and application process, county
Hearing location(s):				
Date:	Time:	Location: (be specific)		Comment:
September 11, 2024	10:00 A.M.	All public Board activity wheld in a "hybrid" environmed This means that the public have options for in-person of virtual attendance. The Boar room headquarters building Olympia (1025 Union Aven Olympia, WA 98504) will be for in-person aattendance at the public may also login us computer or a device, or causing a phone, to listen to the meeting through the Micrison Teams application. The public comment and rules hearing segments. TVW also regulating these meetings. Please that although the Boardroom be staffed during a meeting Board members and agence participants may continue to appear virtually.	nent. will or ard g in ue, e open and using a all-in he oft oluc nts g rote m will g, ey	For more information about Board meetings, please visit https://lcb.wa.gov/Boardmeetings/Board meetings
Date of intended adoption: No earlier than September 25, 202				(Note: This is NOT the effective date)
Submit written comments to:				ance for persons with disabilities:
Name Cassidy West, F	Policy and R	ules Manager	Contac	t Anita Bingham, ADA Coordinator, Human Resources
Address PO Box 48030, Olympia WA 98504-3080			Phone	360-878-4235
Email rules@lcb.wa.gov			Fax 36	60-664-9689
Fax 360-704-5027			TTY 7-1-1 or 1-800-833-6388	
Other		Email anita.bingham@lcb.wa.gov		
Beginning (date and time) August 6, 2024, 12:00 PM			Other	

Name of agency personnel responsible for:

Name

Phone

360-878-4235

Office Location

Implementat Licensing an	on Rebecca Smith, Director of d Regulation	1025 Union Avenu	ue, Olympia, WA 9850	360-664-1753
Enforcement Enforcement	Chandra Wax, Director of and Education	1025 Union Aven	ue, Olympia, WA 9850	360-664-1726
	district fiscal impact statement requ	uired under RCW	28A.305.135?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
If yes, insert	statement here:			
The publi	c may obtain a copy of the school dist	trict fiscal impact sta	atement by contacting:	
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	nefit analysis required under RCW	34.05.328?		
	A preliminary cost-benefit analysis m		contacting:	
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⊠ No:	Please explain: : A cost benefit analy	eie ie not roquirod ı	under PCW 34 05 328 hecaus	a the subject of the
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	overnor's Office for Regulatory Innova	ation and Assistance	e (ORIA) provides support in c	completing this part.
	ation of exemptions:	v be everent from	roquiromento of the Degulator	v Fairnaga Act (aca
chapter 19.8	posal, or portions of the proposal, ma <u>5 RCW</u>). For additional information or x for any applicable exemption(s):			
	proposal, or portions of the proposal,	is exempt under P(NV 10 85 061 because this ru	le making is heing
	ly to conform and/or comply with fede	-		
	s rule is being adopted to conform or			
adopted.				
Citation and	description:			
	proposal, or portions of the proposal, CW 34.05.313 before filing the notice			e pilot rule process
	proposal, or portions of the proposal,	is exempt under the	e provisions of RCW 15.65.57	0(2) because it was
. ,	referendum. proposal, or portions of the proposal,	is exempt under P(NV 10 85 025(3) Chack all th	at annly:
		-		αι αρριγ.
	RCW 34.05.310 (4)(b)		RCW 34.05.310 (4)(e)	
	(Internal government operations)		(Dictated by statute)	
	RCW 34.05.310 (4)(c)		RCW 34.05.310 (4)(f)	
	(Incorporation by reference) RCW 34.05.310 (4)(d)		(Set or adjust fees) RCW 34.05.310 (4)(g)	
	(Correct or clarify language)		((i) Relating to agency hearing	nas: or (ii) process
	(Contest of Clarify language)		requirements for applying to	• , , ,
			or permit)	an agency for a licelise
☐ This rule	proposal, or portions of the proposal,	is exempt under RO	<u>CW 19.85.025</u> (4). (Does not a	ffect small businesses).
	proposal, or portions of the proposal,	is exempt under RO	CW <u>34.05.310(4)(e)</u> .	
	of how the above exemption(s) applie ns that are mandated by statute, impl			

220, Laws of 2023, to expand and improve the Social Equity RCW 69.50.335	in Cannabis Program, as described in RCW 69.50.331 and
(3) Small business economic impact statement: Complete	e this section if any portion is not exempt.
If any portion of the proposed rule is not exempt , does it imp on businesses?	ose more-than-minor costs (as defined by RCW 19.85.020(2))
impose more-than-minor costs.	es more-than-minor cost to businesses and a small business d small business economic impact statement here:
The public may obtain a copy of the small business eccontacting:	onomic impact statement or the detailed cost calculations by
Name	
Address	
Phone Fax	
TTY	
Email	
Other	
Date: August 6, 2024	Signature:
Name: David Postman	() M
Title: Chair	

WAC 314-55-570 Social equity in cannabis program. (1) Definitions.

- (a) "Disproportionately impacted area (DIA)" means a census tract within Washington state where community members were more likely to be impacted by the war on drugs. ((These areas are determined using a standardized statistical equation to identify areas of high unemployment, low income, and demographic indicators consistent with populations most impacted by the war on drugs, including areas with higher rates of arrest for drug charges.)) The board will provide maps to identify disproportionately impacted areas. The maps will reflect census tracts from different time periods to account for gentrification. These areas are determined using a standardized statistical equation to identify areas in the top 15th percentile in at least two of the following demographic indicators of populations most impacted by the war on drugs:
- (i) The area has a high rate of people living under the federal poverty level;
- (ii) The area has a high rate of people who did not graduate from high school;
 - (iii) The area has a high rate of unemployment; or
- (iv) The area has a high rate of people receiving public assistance.
 - (b) "Family member" means:
- (i) A biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a child's spouse, or a child to whom the ((applicant)) social equity registrant, as defined in this subsection below, stands in loco parentis (in place of the parent), is a legal guardian, or is a de facto parent, regardless of age or dependency status;
- (ii) Grandchild, grandparent, parent, or sibling of a child as defined in (b)(i) of this subsection;
 - (iii) Spouse or domestic partner;
- (iv) Any individual who regularly resides in the ((applicant's)) registrant's home or where the relationship creates an expectation that the ((applicant)) registrant care for the ((person)) individual and that individual depends on the applicant for care, or that the individual care for the ((applicant)) registrant and that the ((applicant)) registrant depends on the individual for care.
- (c) "((Median)) Household income" means the ((most recent median household)) gross income ((within)) for the previous calendar year and includes the ((state)) sum of ((Washington as calculated)) the income received in the previous calendar year by ((the United States Census Bureau)) all household members aged 15 years and older before taxes and deductions.
- (d) "((Person)) <u>Individual</u>" means a real human being, distinguished from a corporation, company, or other business entity.
- (e) <u>"Median household income"</u> means the median income for households in Washington for the previous calendar year, as determined by the United States Census Bureau.

[1] OTS-5703.2

- complete)) additional information that may be necessary for continuing
 with the licensing application process.
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(g)</u> "Social equity program applicant" means $(\frac{a \text{ person}(s)}{a \text{ preliminary letter of approval to apply for}$ the social equity $\frac{1i}{censing}$ program.
- $((\frac{g}{g}))$ (h) "Social equity contractor" means a third party responsible ((to review)) for reviewing and ((score)) scoring social equity program applications to identify which applicants qualify to apply for a social equity license.
- $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (i) "Social equity licensee" means $(\frac{a \text{ person}}{a \text{ person}})$ an individual or entity that holds a social equity cannabis license or any $(\frac{a \text{ person}}{a \text{ person}})$ individual or entity who is a true party of interest in a social equity in cannabis license as described in WAC 314-55-035.
- (($\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ "Social equity plan" means a plan that addresses the following elements including, but not limited to:
- (i) A description of how issuing a cannabis retail license to the social equity applicant will meet social equity goals as described in statute;
- (ii) The social equity applicant's personal or family history with the criminal justice system, including any offenses involving cannabis; and
- (iii) Business plans involving partnerships or assistance to organizations or residents with connections or contributions to populations with a history of high rates of enforcement of cannabis prohibition.
- (j) "Social equity title certificate holder" means a cannabis retail license title certificate holder that meets the requirements of a social equity program applicant as determined by the social equity contractor, and is unable to open for business in the city or county where the cannabis retail license is located)) (j) "Social equity registrant" means any individual or entity that registers to be evaluated for the social equity program. Qualification is evaluated based on the registrant's application materials submitted to the social equity contractor. If a registrant is deemed qualified for the social equity program and selected to move forward, the registrant becomes a social equity applicant, as defined in this subsection.
 - (2) ((Social equity applicant requirements.
- (a))) Registering for the social equity program. Registration through a designated portal is required prior to submitting application materials to the social equity contractor. If two or more individuals are registering as a single applicant, only one individual may fill out the registration form on behalf of the other individuals who are applying.
- (a) Registration window. The registration window(s) will be open for 30 calendar days. The board may reopen the registration window after conducting an evaluation that considers market demand, impacts related to license density, and availability of licenses.
- (3) Social equity application process. After the registration window closes, the social equity contractor will provide the registrant with directions for submitting social equity program application materials and verification documents.
- (a) Submission requirements. Social equity program application materials must be submitted directly to the social equity contractor in the form, manner, and time frame required by the social equity contractor. Application materials submitted after the specified time frame will not be reviewed or scored. Registrants are responsible for

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ensuring the application is complete, accurate, and successfully submitted.

- (b) At least a)). Social equity applicants with the highest scores will be prioritized the social equity contractor to proceed with the social equity license application process. The social equity contractor will provide the board with a list of the selected registrants that may move forward in the application process as an applicant.
- (a) 51 percent ownership. An applicant must have 51 percent ownership and control by one or more individuals. Each individual comprising the 51 percent majority((, or controlling interest, in the applicant, must be held by a person, or persons, who has or have resided in Washington state for six months prior to the application date, consistent with RCW 69.50.331, and meets at least two of the following qualifications)) must meet at least two of the four qualifications below:
- (i) Qualification 1: ((The social equity applicant or applicants have lived in a disproportionately impacted area)) Resided in a disproportionately impacted area (DIA) in Washington state for a minimum of five years any time between 1980 and 2010((; or)). Time spent living in a DIA does not need to be consecutive.
- (A) Proof of address documentation that may demonstrate currently living or having lived in a DIA include, but are not limited to, documents such as: Bank statements, lease agreements, home insurance or car policy, federal or state tax returns that show the address for each year, utility bills, employment records, school records, voter registration. Any combination of documents may be utilized to demonstrate the qualification.
- (B) Affidavits may be used as a supplemental document to demonstrate the registrant meets the qualifications under (4)(a)(i) of this subsection, provided that the affidavit is accompanied by other documents. The social equity contractor reserves the right to verify the authenticity and accuracy of the submitted affidavit and supporting documentation. Additional documentation or evidence may be requested to support the claims made in the affidavit. Failure to provide truthful information or to comply with the verification request may be considered a misrepresentation of fact, under WAC 314-55-050, 314-55-073, or 314-55-505.
- (ii) Qualification 2: ((The social equity applicant or a family member of the applicant has)) Been arrested or convicted (($\frac{1}{1}$)) for a cannabis offense(($\frac{1}{1}$)).
- (A) Documentation to demonstrate the qualification may include, but are not limited to, documents that contain details such as the date of the arrest or conviction, the charges, and the law enforcement agency involved. Examples of documents may include, but are not limited to, the following: Arrest records from the agency that made the arrest, booking reports, bail papers, police reports or police logs, court documents (e.g., arrest warrants, charging documents, or minutes from the arraignment), criminal history records, news reports to establish the event, witness testimonies, online inmate locator services for the family member, legal representation who can provide details about the arrest or conviction, court mandated community service pa-

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- perwork, court mandated paperwork, or background checks. Any combination of documents may be utilized to demonstrate the qualification.
- (B) Affidavits may be used as a supplemental document to demonstrate an arrest or conviction was a cannabis offense provided that the affidavit is accompanied by court records that provide evidence of an arrest or conviction for a schedule 1 drug offense. Court records include, but are not limited to, arrest records, charging documents, plea agreements, court orders, or sentencing documents. The social equity contractor reserves the right to verify the authenticity and accuracy of the submitted affidavit and supporting documentation. Additional documentation or evidence may be requested to support the claims made in the affidavit. Failure to provide truthful information or to comply with the verification request may be considered a misrepresentation of fact, under WAC 314-55-050, 314-55-073, or 314-55-505.
- resentation of fact, under WAC 314-55-050, 314-55-073, or 314-55-505.

 (iii) Qualification 3: ((The social equity applicant's)) Had a household income ((in the year prior to submitting the application was)) less than the median household income within the state of Washington as ((calculated)) determined by the United States Census Bureau for the calendar year preceding the date of application.
- (A) Proof of household income documentation include, but are not limited to, documents such as: Federal tax return, W-2 forms issued by an employer that shows annual wages and taxes withheld, 1099-NEC forms, bank statements showing consistent deposits, employer income verification letter stating your salary and terms of employment, unemployment benefits statements, court ordered agreements, annuity statements from an insurance company showing regular annuity payments, workers' compensation letter from an employer or insurance company detailing workers' compensation payments, profit or loss statements for self-employed individuals, a statement showing business income and expenses. Any combination of documents may be utilized to demonstrate the qualification.
- (iv) Qualification 4: Is both socially and economically disadvantaged as defined by the office of minority and women's business enterprises.
- (A) Examples of documentation to demonstrate the qualification may include, but are not limited to, those identified by the office of minority and women's business enterprises for certification. Any combination of documents may be utilized to demonstrate the qualification.
- $((\frac{3)}{3})$ Social equity application process.)) (5) Registering for the social equity program.
 - (a) Application window.
- (i) The (($\frac{board\ will\ open\ the\ application}{be\ open}$)) registration window will be open for (($\frac{an\ initial\ period\ of}{be\ open}$)) 30 calendar days.
- (ii) ((At its sole discretion,)) The board may reopen the ((application)) registration window:
- (A) After ((initial)) conducting an evaluation ((of applications is received and locations are still available; or
- (B) If additional allotments become available after the initial application window has closed pursuant to RCW 69.50.335.
 - (b) Initial application requirements.
- (i) The social equity application must be submitted electronically through the department of revenue's business licensing online application system.
- (ii) The social equity applicant must apply to the department of revenue's business licensing service within the 30-day application window. All required information must be completed on the application

and payment must be submitted within the 30-day application window for the application to be accepted.

- (iii) The social equity applicant, whether applying as a person, persons, or entity, may apply for a cannabis license only once during each application window described in subsection (4)(c) of this section.
- (iv) An application to reinstate the license of a social equity title certificate holder will not be considered a new social equity license application. The social equity title certificate holder may submit an application for a social equity license and an application to reinstate their existing license through the social equity program.
- (v) A location address is not required at the time of application)) that considers market demand, impacts related to license density, and availability of licenses.
- $((\frac{(c)}{(c)}))$ <u>(6)</u> Social equity contractor review. $((\frac{Once}{(c)}))$ <u>After</u> the $((\frac{application}{(c)}))$ <u>registration</u> window is closed, the social equity contractor will ((<u>evaluate and prioritize all applications received within the 30-day application window</u>)) <u>provide the registrant with directions for submitting social equity program application materials and verification documents.</u>
- (((i) The social equity applicant must select one county where they wish to operate their business and notify the social equity contractor of their selection in the form and manner required by the social equity contractor.
- (ii) The social equity applicant must submit documentation verifying the eligibility requirements described in (c)(D)(viii) of this subsection to the social equity contractor in the form and manner required by the social equity contractor.
- (iii) Examples of documentation that may verify eligibility requirements include, but are not limited to:
- (A) School records, rental agreements, utility bills, mortgage statements, loan documents, bank records, or tax returns that show the applicant's address(es), or a signed declaration that includes the applicant's address(es) indicating that the applicant resided in a DIA; or
- (B) The applicant's arrest or conviction records, or family member's arrest or conviction records and an affirmation of the familial relationship signed by the applicant and the family member; or
- (C) The applicant's tax returns demonstrating their income for the prior year; or
- (D) Any other documentation that verifies the eligibility requirements described in (c)(D)(viii) of this subsection.
- (iv) If additional materials are needed, the social equity applicant will receive a letter electronically from the social equity contractor directing the applicant to submit additional application materials directly to the social equity contractor.
- (v) The social equity applicant must submit complete and accurate additional application materials directly to the social equity contractor within 15 business days of the date of the letter. It is the responsibility of the social equity applicant to comply with the application requirements in this section and ensure the application is complete, accurate, and successfully submitted to the social equity contractor.
- (vi) If the application is determined to be incomplete by the social equity contractor, the social equity applicant will be provided with 14 days to submit a complete application. The social equity con-

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tractor will score the application based on the materials submitted within the time frame.

- (vii) The social equity contractor will review the application materials, including the social equity plan provided by the social equity applicant to determine if the applicant meets the requirements of a social equity applicant.
- (viii) After the social equity contractor determines that the requirements have been met, the social equity contractor will score social equity applications using the following scoring rubric to prioritize social equity applicants:)) (a) Submission requirements. Social equity program application materials must be submitted directly to the social equity contractor in the form, manner, and time frame required by the social equity contractor. Application materials submitted after the specified time frame will not be reviewed or scored. Registrants are responsible for ensuring the application is complete, accurate, and successfully submitted.
- (b) Who is eligible to be scored: Scoring by the social equity contractor will be limited to each registrant who meet two out of the four required social equity program qualifications.
- (c) Scoring rubric. The social equity contractor will prioritize social equity program registrants based on the below scoring rubric criteria. The total score will be based on a cumulative total, adding together the highest achieved score for each of the 7 categories:

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Social Equity Application Scoring Rubric				
Category	Eligibility Requirements	Point Scale		
	1. Lived in a disproportionately impacted area (DIA) 1-5 years = 15 points 6-10 years = 20 points 11+ years = 40 points	40		
	((1a. How long have you lived in a DIA? 5y -10y = 20 points 10 + years = 40 points	40))		
	2. Convicted of a drug offense? (Self) = 5 points Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Self) = 40 points	((10)) <u>40</u>		
	((2a. Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Self)	40))		
	3. Convicted of a drug offense? (Family) = 5 points Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Family) = 20 points	((5)) <u>20</u>		
	((3a. Convicted of a cannabis offense? (Family)	5))		
	4. If you were convicted of a cannabis offense, what type of sentence did you receive: Fine = 10 points Served probation or Confined to home = ((20)) 30 points ((Confined to home = 40 points)) Served time in jail or prison = 80 points	80		
	((5. Did you or your family member's incarceration keep you from getting employment?	5		
	6. Did you lose your home or ability to purchase a home or rent a home as a result of your convictions or arrests?	5))		
	((7-)) <u>5.</u> Is your household income less than the median household income within the state of Washington as calculated by the United States Census Bureau?	((40)) <u>30</u>		
	$((8. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	((10))		
	((o r Did you own and operate)) Owned a medical cannabis dispensary or collective garden licensed as a business in a DIA (((30 points?))) = 25 points	((30 in a DIA)) <u>25</u>		
	((9. Have you held or do you currently hold 51 percent majority/controlling interest of a state cannabis (marijuana) retailer license? No = 10 points Yes = 0 points)) 7. Applied during the HB 2870 social equity application window, qualified as a social equity applicant, but were not eligible to be issued a license	((10)) <u>15</u>		
	Total Maximum Points	((310)) <u>250</u> points		

(((ix) The social equity contractor will provide the board with a list of eligible and scored social equity applicants.

(d) (i) Board review. Social equity applicants that are scored highest by the social equity contractor within the county selected by the social equity applicant will be processed by the board.

(ii) In the event of a tie, the board will use a double blind lottery conducted by an independent third party to identify the application(s) that will be processed.)) (d) Preliminary score. Upon initial assessment of the social equity program application materials, the social equity contractor will provide the registrant with a preliminary score, along with a comprehensive explanation of the score detailing the points allocated for each criterion.

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⁽x) Neither the social equity contractor nor its employees shall benefit from any license or licenses granted as a result of their review.

- (i) The registrant may submit additional documentation to potentially improve the final score. Documentation must be submitted in the form and manner specified by the social equity contractor no later than 21 calendar days after being provided the preliminary score.
- (e) Final score. Prior to issuing the final score, the social equity contractor may adjust the registrant's preliminary score based on a review of any additional documentation provided. The social equity contractor will notify registrants and qualified social equity applicants of the final score and include a detailed explanation of the scoring decision.
- (f) Prioritization. Qualified registrants with highest final scores will be prioritized by the social equity contractor to be included on the list of social equity applicants who are selected to apply for a social equity license.
- (g) Double-blind lottery. If a tie should occur among qualified registrants with identical scores, a double-blind lottery will be used to prioritize the social equity applicants who may proceed with applying for a social equity license. The double-blind lottery will be conducted by a third-party contractor who is separate from the social equity contractor reviewing and scoring the application.
- (h) Conflict of interest. It is a conflict of interest and violation of this chapter if the social equity contractor, the third-party contractor conducting the double-blind lottery, or employees of any contractor benefit from any social equity license granted under this section. Any conflicts of interest between a contractor and applicant or cannabis licensee may result in the denial of an application or a revocation of the cannabis license.

(7) Board notification.

(((e))) <u>(a)</u> **Preliminary letter of approval.** Once the social equity applications that will be processed are identified as described in this section, eligible social equity applicants will be issued a preliminary letter of approval.

((4) Additional provisions.

- (a) Time restrictions. There are no time restrictions for a social equity applicant to select and secure a location.
- (b) Ownership changes. Social equity applicants may not make ownership changes to an application after the application has been reviewed, scored, and prioritized by the social equity contractor.)) (b) Withdrawal letter. The board will issue a withdrawal letter notifying registrants that are not eligible to apply for a social equity license if:
- (i) The social equity program application or additional materials are determined to be incomplete or incorrect by the social equity contractor;
- (ii) The social equity program application materials are not received by the social equity contractor in a timely manner;
- (iii) The social equity registrant is not qualified for the social equity program based on the determination made by the social equity contractor;
- (iv) The social equity registrant is deemed qualified for the social equity program but did not score high enough to be prioritized, based on the score provided by the social equity contractor or the social equity registrant was not selected in a lottery to determine which registrants could move forward.
- (v) The social equity registrant makes a voluntary request to the board, in writing, to voluntarily withdraw the social equity program application being reviewed and scored by the social equity contractor.

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The voluntary withdrawal of a social equity program application does not result in a hearing right.

- $((\frac{(c)}{(c)}))$ Social equity ((applicants may apply for a social equity)) license ((once per)) application ((window)). (($\frac{1}{2}$ f a social equity applicant applies more than once, the board will accept only the first application.
- (d) License mobility. Social equity licenses that are currently designated to specific cities may be located anywhere within the county in which the city is located. However, the license may not be transferred outside of that county.
- (e) Qualifying for the social equity program will not result in or guarantee cannabis business license approval. Social equity applicants must meet all license qualifications in WAC 314-55-077 and this chapter to receive a license.)) Once the board issues the preliminary letter of approval, selected applicants may submit social equity license application materials to the board. Qualifying as a social equity applicant does not guarantee the issuance of a social equity license.
- (a) Licensing requirements. To qualify for a social equity license, applicants must meet the licensing requirements provided in this chapter, RCW 69.50.331, and RCW 69.50.335.
- (b) Location and financing. There are no time restrictions for when a social equity applicant must select and secure a location and/or financing.
- (c) County threshold. The board will establish license thresholds for each county to ensure there is an adequate amount of access to licensed sources of cannabis, cannabis concentrates, usable cannabis, and cannabis-infused products to discourage purchases from the illegal market. The board shall conduct a license threshold determination every three years, beginning July 1, 2029. In making its determination, the board shall consider market conditions, economic trends, demographics, and other relevant factors. County thresholds will be publicly posted and updated every three years and will be accessible to all stakeholders and the general public via the internet.
- (d) License mobility. Effective 90 days after the license application window closes in 2025, social equity applicants, who applied under chapter 236, Laws of 2020, and are unable to secure a location in the county where the license is allocated, may locate the initial license location to any city, town, or county in the state of Washington.
- (e) Local ordinance. The board will substantially consider an objection from an incorporated city or town, or county for a proposed location of a social equity retail license if an ordinance limiting retail outlet density is in effect in the area prior to the board receiving the license application.
- (f) License transfer and assumption. Licenses awarded under this section may not be transferred or assumed within the first year of the license being issued. Once permitted, licenses awarded under this section may only be transferred to or assumed by individuals or groups of individuals who meet the definition of a social equity program applicant for a period of five years from the date of the initial license was approved.
- (g) Appeals. An applicant or licensee may request an administrative hearing to contest the withdrawal, denial, nonrenewal, or revocation of a license pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and received by the board no later than 20

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<u>days after the date the notification of withdrawal, denial, nonrenew-</u> al, or revocation was mailed to the applicant or licensee.

- ((5) Social equity title certificate holders.)) (9) Title certificate holders. A title certificate holder ((that meets the requirements of a social equity program applicant as determined by the social equity contractor may reinstate their retail cannabis license anywhere within the county that they hold their title certificate.
- (6) Application withdrawal. The board will withdraw a social equity application if:
- (a) The social equity program application or additional materials are determined to be incomplete or incorrect by the social equity contractor;
- (b) The social equity program application materials are not timely received by the social equity contractor;
- (c) The social equity applicant is not selected to continue with the licensing application process; or
- (d) The social equity applicant(s) requests withdrawal of the social equity program application at any time in the application process. The social equity applicant(s) must request withdrawal in writing. The voluntary withdrawal of a social equity program application does not result in a hearing right.)) means a licensee who is unable to open for business in the city or county where the cannabis retail license is located due to a ban or moratorium.
- (a) Title certificate holders may reinstate their existing cannabis license anywhere in the county where the license was originally allocated.
- (b) Title certificate holders that meet the requirements of a social equity applicant may reinstate their existing license under the social equity program, effective 90 days after the license application window closes in 2025 and may relocate the title certificate privilege for an initial license location to any city, town, or county in Washington state. To reinstate a license under the social equity program, title certificate holders must register and submit application materials to the social equity contractor for an eligibility determination. Scoring by the social equity contractor is not required as part of eligibility determination.
- (i) Prior to submitting application materials to the board to reinstate the license under the social equity program, the title certificate holders must have an established business entity structure that has been approved by the board.
- (ii) An application to reinstate a license and application for a social equity license must be submitted to the board.
- (iii) Neither a new location for the retail license in the county or financing are required at the time of the application to reinstate an existing cannabis license.
- (10) Social equity plan reimbursement. All cannabis licensees with an active license may submit a social equity plan, as defined in RCW 69.50.101, to the board for a one-time reimbursement that equals the cost of the licensee's annual cannabis license renewal fee, one per entity. The board will reimburse the licensee no later than 30 calendar days after the social equity plan has been received and verified.
- (a) Reimbursements may only be provided to licenses that are currently operational, and not in the process of assumption, acquisition, or discontinuation of business activities.
- (b) Social equity applicants or those who hold a social equity license are not required to pay a license renewal fee.