

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON STATE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:

THE ROLLING THUNDER SALOON,
INC
d/b/a ROLLING THUNDER SALOON
13 W 1ST AVE
ODESSA, WA 99159

LICENSEE

LICENSE NO. 351068-4O
AVN 4O8299A

LCB NO. 22,878

OAH NO. 2009-LCB-0010

FINAL ORDER OF THE BOARD

The above entitled matter coming on regularly before the Board, and it appearing that:

1. The Liquor Control Board issued a complaint dated March 4, 2009, alleging that on October 25, 2008, the above-named Licensee, or employee(s) thereof, gave, sold and/or supplied liquor to a person(s) under the age of twenty-one (21), in violation of RCW 66.44.270(1) and WAC 314-11-020(1).
2. The Licensee made a timely request for a hearing.
3. The Licensee Rolling Thunder Saloon, Inc., d/b/a Rolling Thunder Saloon was represented by James Lathrop, appearing pro se. The Education and Enforcement Division of the Board was represented by Assistant Attorney General Gordon Karg.
4. On August 9, 2010, Administrative Law Judge Jill L. Geary entered her Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Initial Order sustaining the complaint.
5. Nathaniel Lathrop filed a Petition for Review. Nathaniel Lathrop asserts that he, as 50% owner of the licensed business, was not given an opportunity for hearing. However, Nathaniel Lathrop does not allege that he was prevented in any way from participating in the hearing, nor does he allege that

James Lathrop, who represented the Licensee at hearing, lacked authority to represent the Licensee. No reply was received.

6. The entire record in this proceeding was presented to the Board for final decision, and the Board having fully considered said record and being fully advised in the premises; NOW THEREFORE; IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the initial order for case 22,878 is adopted.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that the Complaint filed in case 22,878 is sustained and that the liquor license privileges granted to The Rolling Thunder Saloon, Inc. d/b/a Rolling Thunder Saloon at 13 West 1st Ave in Odessa, Washington, License 351068, are hereby suspended for a term of five (5) days. In lieu of a license suspension, the Licensee may pay a monetary penalty in the amount of five-hundred dollars (\$500.00) due within 30 days of this order. If timely payment is not received, suspension will take place from 11:00 a.m. on November 12, 2010 until 11:00 a.m. on November 17, 2010. Failure to comply with the terms of this order will result in further disciplinary action.

Payment in reference to this order should be sent to:

Washington State Liquor Control Board

PO Box 43085

Olympia, WA 98504-3085

DATED at Olympia, Washington this 28 day of September, 2010.

WASHINGTON STATE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

Sharon Foster

Putnam Kurose

Reconsideration. Pursuant to RCW 34.05.470, you have ten (10) days from the mailing of this Order to file a petition for reconsideration stating the specific grounds on which relief is requested. A petition for reconsideration, together with any argument in support thereof, should be filed by mailing or delivering it directly to the Washington State Liquor Control Board, Attn: Kevin McCarroll, 3000 Pacific Avenue Southeast, PO Box 43076, Olympia, WA 98504-3076, with a copy to all other parties of record and their representatives. Filing means actual receipt of the document at the Board's office. RCW 34.05.010(6). A copy shall also be sent to Mary M. Tennyson, Senior Assistant Attorney General, 1125 Washington St. SE, P.O. Box 40110, Olympia, WA 98504-0110. A timely petition for reconsideration is deemed to be denied if, within twenty (20) days from the date the petition is filed, the agency does not (a) dispose of the petition or (b) serve the parties with a written notice specifying the date by which it will act on the petition. An order denying reconsideration is not subject to judicial review. RCW 34.05.470(5). The filing of a petition for reconsideration is not a prerequisite for filing a petition for judicial review.

Stay of Effectiveness. The filing of a petition for reconsideration does not stay the effectiveness of this Order. The Board has determined not to consider a petition to stay the effectiveness of this Order. Any such request should be made in connection with a petition for judicial review under chapter 34.05 RCW and RCW 34.05.550.

Judicial Review. Proceedings for judicial review may be instituted by filing a petition in superior court according to the procedures specified in chapter 34.05 RCW, Part V, Judicial Review and Civil Enforcement. The petition for judicial review of this Order shall be filed with the appropriate court and served on the Board, the Office of the Attorney General, and all parties within thirty days after service of the final order, as provided in RCW 34.05.542.

Service. This Order was served on you the day it was deposited in the United States mail. RCW

34.05.010(19).

ORIGINAL

STATE OF WASHINGTON
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

In Re:

James Lathrop - The Rolling Thunder
Saloon, LLC

Appellant.

OAH Docket No. 2009-LCB-0010

Agency No. : 22,878

**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF
LAW AND INITIAL ORDER**

BACKGROUND

On October 28, 2008, the Washington State Liquor Control Board (Board) issued a *Administrative Violation Process for Violations - Standard Penalty* notice to the Appellant, The Rolling Thunder Saloon, LLC, doing business as Rolling Thunders Saloon, and owned by James Lathrop. According to the notice, the Appellant had violated WAC 314.11.020(1), and 314.11.020(2) for selling/serving alcohol to a minor and allowing a minor to frequent restricted premises. The Appellant made a timely request for a hearing.

The hearing commenced pursuant to due and proper notice in-person at Seattle, Washington, on December 21, 2009, before Administrative Law Judge Jill L. Geary. Mr. Lathrop appeared on behalf of the Appellant. The Board was represented by Assistant Attorney General Gordon Karg. The hearing was digitally recorded.

ISSUES

According to the prehearing order issued on September 24, 2009, the issues for hearing are:

- a. Whether, on or about October 25, 2008, the appellant or employee thereof, sold, gave or otherwise supplied liquor to a person under 21 years of age, contrary to RCW 66.44.270(1) and WAC 314-11-020(1); and
- b. Whether the State complied with the provisions of RCW 66.44.290(1) in conducting the investigation at issue in this matter and if not, whether noncompliance is a defense to a complaint issued under RCW 66.44.270(1).
- c. Whether the Board should impose the penalty of a five day suspension, or a \$500 fine in lieu of suspension pursuant to WAC 314.11.020(1) and (2).

FINDS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
AND INITIAL ORDER

Page 1 of 9

Office of Administrative Hearings
600 University St., Suite 1500
Seattle, WA 98101-2376
(206) 389-3400 1-800-845-8830
FAX (206) 587-5135

STIPULATIONS

The parties submitted stipulations, including stipulated facts and stipulated exhibits. The stipulations are included in the record as Exhibit 117. The stipulated facts are as follow:

1. The Washington State Liquor Control Board regulates the conduct of licensees and their patrons to ensure compliance with applicable laws and administrative rules.
2. Rolling Thunder Saloon LLC is the licensee and owner of Rolling Thunder Saloon, the licensed premises at issue in this matter, located at 13 W. 1st Ave, Odessa, Washington 99159. The Licensee has been licensed to sell alcohol at the licensed premises since January 18, 2008.
3. The Licensee holds a spirits/beer/wine restaurant license issued by the Washington State Liquor Control Board, license No. 351068.
4. The entire licensed premise of Rolling Thunder Saloon, at 13 W. 1st Ave, Odessa, Washington 99159 is off-limits to any person under the age of twenty one (21). A sign posted on the front door of the licensee's premise states that it is unlawful for anyone under the age of twenty one to enter the establishment.
5. On October 25, 2008, Lieutenant Robert Reynolds, Sergeant Ryan Navrat, Officer Chris Obringer and Minor Investigative Aide, A.S., conducted a compliance check at the Licensee's premises.
6. Lieutenant Robert Reynolds, Sergeant Ryan Navrat and Officer Chris Obringer are liquor enforcement officers with the Washington State Liquor Control Board Enforcement and Education Division.
7. On October 25, 2008 A.S. was employed by the State of Washington, and specifically by the Washington State Liquor Control Board Enforcement and Education Division, as a Minor Investigative Aide. She was photographed by enforcement officers on October 25, 2008 prior to the compliance check conducted at the Licensee's premise. (See Exhibit 7)
8. A.S. has a birth date of February 15, 1991 and was seventeen (17) years of age on October 25, 2008. (See Exhibit 10).
9. At approximately 8:30 p.m., on October 25, 2008, Lieutenant Reynolds and Officer Obringer entered the Licensee's premises and seated themselves at the bar.

10. The premise had approximately twenty to fifty patrons inside with two employees behind the bar. A third individual, operating the karaoke equipment, was not an employee of the Licensee and had been brought in by patrons for a party on the premises.

11. Sergeant Navrat and A.S. were initially waiting outside the Licensee's premises.

12. At approximately 9:20 p.m., on October 25, 2008, A.S. entered the Licensee's premise through the front door with the sign noted at Stipulation No. 4. At the direction of liquor enforcement officers, A.S. went to the bar area and ordered a Budweiser beer from Amy Schlomer, an employee of the Licensee working in the licensed premise as a bartender.

13. Amy Schlomer supplied A.S. with a bottle of Budweiser beer, an alcoholic beverage; A.S. gave Amy Schlomer two dollars (\$2.00).

14. At no time did any employee ask A.S. to produce any form of identification.

15. Lieutenant Reynolds and Officer Obringer were seated directly next to A.S. and observed Amy Schlomer sell/supply A.S. with a bottle of Budweiser beer. During the sale to A.S., the video evidence demonstrates that one of the liquor control officers takes two drinks from a brown bottle that appears to be beer, an alcoholic beverage. (See Exhibit 9).

16. Officer Obringer made a video recording of the sale/supply of alcohol to A.S. (See Exhibit 9). Officer Obringer did not obtain written permission from the Licensee prior to making the video recording.

17. A.S. left the bottle of Budweiser beer sitting on the bar top and exited the premises. A.S. then informed Sergeant Navrat that she had been sold a bottle of Budweiser beer by the female bartender and that the beer was left on the counter near Lieutenant Reynolds.

18. Sergeant Navrat entered the establishment after being contacted by A.S. Sergeant Navrat observed a bottle of Budweiser beer sitting on the bar counter near Lieutenant Reynolds.

19. Sergeant Navrat approached Lieutenant Reynolds and asked him if the bottle of Budweiser beer sitting on the counter was the same beer served to A.S. Lieutenant Reynolds confirmed that it was. Officer Navrat took possession of the bottle of Budweiser beer and noticed it was completely full and cold to the touch.

20. Lieutenant Reynolds indicated to Sergeant Navrat who sold the bottle of Budweiser beer to A.S. by pointing out the female employee/bartender.

21. Sergeant Navrat contacted the female bartender, identified himself as a Liquor Enforcement Officer and asked for her identification. The bartender presented her driver's license which identified her as Amy Schlomer.

22. Sergeant Navrat informed Amy Schlomer that she had sold a bottle of Budweiser beer to an investigative aide, and displayed A.S.'s Washington State Driver's License which demonstrated her true and correct date of birth. Amy Schlomer stated that she was busy because of a birthday party.

23. Amy Schlomer confirmed for Sergeant Navrat that she was not the only employee working behind the bar and confirmed that she did not request A.S. produce her identification. While the Licensee did not intend to have Ms. Schlomer testify at any evidentiary hearing in this matter, had she, the Licensee contends her testimony would have been that when asked she responded that she could not recall if she had requested A.S. to produce her license.

24. Sergeant Navrat photographed the bottle of Budweiser beer and then disposed of it. (See Exhibit 8).

25. Sergeant Navrat prepared a Uniform Incident Report setting forth observations and actions from the compliance check conducted on October 25, 2008. (See Exhibit 2). Lieutenant Robert Reynolds, Sergeant Ryan Navrat and Officer Chris Obringer prepared individual narrative reports setting forth their observations and actions during the compliance check conducted on October 25, 2008. (See Exhibits 3, 4, 5).

26. A.S. prepared a Washington State Liquor Control Board Operative's Report regarding the events of the compliance check conducted on October 25, 2008. (See Exhibit 6).

27. Sergeant Navrat served an Administrative Violation Notice and a Violation Process Form to the Licensee on October 28, 2008, via registered mail, for a violation of WAC 314-11-020 — sale or service of alcohol to a person under the age of twenty-one. (See Exhibit 1).

28. On October 30, 2008 James Lathrop, representing the Licensee, filed a complaint against A.S. with the Odessa Town Marshall, Mike Wren, claiming A.S., a minor who was seventeen (17) years of age, had entered the Rolling Thunder Saloon with the intent to purchase alcohol on October 25, 2008. (See Exhibit 11). Enforcement did not provide any case citations or legal memoranda documents regarding the use of investigative aides to the Licensee after the filing of the complaint.

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Based upon the evidence presented, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge finds the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. Stipulated facts numbers 1 through 28 are hereby included in the findings of fact.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. As a seller of Liquor, the Appellant is subject to the jurisdiction of the Liquor Control Board pursuant to RCW 82.24.500.
2. The provisions of RCW 66.44.270 are applicable, and state in pertinent part as follow:
 - (1) It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, or otherwise supply liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years or permit any person under that age to consume liquor on his or her premises or on any premises under his or her control. For the purposes of this subsection, "premises" includes real property, houses, buildings, and other structures, and motor vehicles and watercraft. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW
 - (2)(a) It is unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one years to possess, consume, or otherwise acquire any liquor. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
3. The provisions of WAC 314-11-020 are applicable and state in pertinent part as
 - (1) Per RCW 66.44.270, licensees or employees may not supply liquor to any person under twenty-one years of age, either for his/her own use or for the use of any other person.
 - (2) Per RCW 66.44.310, licensees or employees may not allow persons under twenty-one years of age to remain in any premises or area of a premises classified as off-limits to persons under twenty-one.
4. There is no dispute that under the stipulated facts of this case that on October 25, 2008, an employee of the Appellant served liquor to a minor in violation of RCW 66.44.270 and WAC 314-11-020(1), and that the Appellant allowed a minor in its premises in violation of WAC 314-11-020(2).
5. By way of defense, the Appellant argues that because the Board did not conduct a lawful investigation, the violation that occurred pursuant to that investigation should not be affirmed. The Appellant cites RCW 66.44.290(1), which states:

(1) Every person under the age of twenty-one years who purchases or attempts to purchase liquor shall be guilty of a violation of this title. This section does not apply to persons between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one years who are participating in a controlled purchase program authorized by the liquor control board under rules adopted by the board. Violations occurring under a private, controlled purchase program authorized by the liquor control board may not be used for criminal or administrative prosecution.

6. WAC 314-21-005 is relevant to the Appellant's argument and states:

(1) Per RCW 66.44.290, an in-house controlled purchase program is a program that allows retail liquor licensees to use eighteen, nineteen, or twenty year old persons to attempt to purchase alcohol for the purpose of evaluating the licensee's training program regarding the sale of liquor to persons under twenty-one years of age.

(2) The licensee's controlled purchase program must meet the requirements of RCW 66.44.290, WAC 314-21-015, and 314-21-025.

(3) Per RCW 66.44.290, violations occurring under an in-house controlled purchase program may not be used for criminal prosecution or administrative action by the liquor control board.

7. The Appellant argues that because the Board used a minor under the age of 18 in its investigation, it did not conduct a proper controlled purchase under the provisions cited above. However, the statute and regulations governing controlled purchases apply to *in-house* controlled purchase programs instituted by the *licensee*, not the Board. The Appellant did not cite and the ALJ cannot find a similar legal limitation on Board investigations that make use of minors.

8. The Appellant also argues that the Board violated WAC 314-11-015(3)(d), and that violation is a defense to the charge of selling liquor to a minor and allowing a minor onto restricted premises.

9. WAC 314-11-015 states in relevant part as follows:

(3) *Licensees* have the responsibility to control their conduct and the conduct of employees and patrons on the premises at all times. Except as otherwise provided by law, licensees or employees may not:

* * * *

(d) Consume liquor of any kind while working on the licensed premises.

Emphasis added.

10. Appellant reasons that because Board enforcement officers are paid in part from the funding provided by licensees that they are de facto employees of the licensees and that they cannot lawfully drink on the licensees premises while conducting an investigation. Therefore, Appellant argues that when "one of the liquor control officers" took two drinks from a beer he was in violation of WAC 314-11-015(3)(d), and that the results of the investigation should be disregarded. In further support of this argument, the Appellant submitted a Stipulated Settlement Agreement between another licensee and the Board, whereby the licensee admitted to consuming liquor while working on licensed premises in violation of the same provision.

11. Appellant's argument in this instance relies entirely on the premise that a liquor control officer is the employee of a licensee when conducting an investigation. That is not a premise that is otherwise supported in the law and is not adopted for the purpose of this decision. The Appellant has not otherwise provided legal support for the proposition that the results of an investigation should be disregarded should one of two liquor control officers consume alcohol during the course of the investigation. This argument is not a defense to the violation.

12. In considering the foregoing, it is concluded that the Appellant violated RCW 66.44.290, and WAC 314-11-020, when it allowed a minor on the premises and served the minor alcohol.

13. The provisions of 66.44.180 set forth penalties, and states in pertinent part as follows:

(1) Every person guilty of a violation of this title for which no penalty has been specifically provided:

(a) For a first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than two months, or both.

Considering the foregoing, the Board properly assessed a penalty of five (5) days suspension OR \$500 in lieu of suspension.

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From the foregoing conclusions of law, **NOW THEREFORE,**

INITIAL ORDER

The Liquor Control Board's *Administrative Violation Process Notice* dated October 28, 2008, is sustained. The Appellant, The Rolling Thunder Saloon LLC, violated RCW 66.44.270, and shall either pay a monetary penalty in the amount of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or be subject to a five day suspension in accordance with RCW 66.44.180.

DATED and mailed at Seattle, Washington on this the 9th day of August, 2010.



Jill L. Geary
Pro Tem Administrative Law Judge
Office of Administrative Hearings

NOTICE TO PARTIES

Either the licensee or permit holder or the assistant attorney general may file a Petition for Review of the initial order with the Liquor Control Board within twenty (20) days of the date of service of the Initial Order. RCW 34.05.464 and WAC 10-08-211, and 314-42-095.

The Petition for Review must:

- (i) Specify the portions of the initial order to which exception is taken;
- (ii) Refer to the evidence of record which is relied upon to support the petition; and
- (iii) Be filed with the Liquor Control Board and within twenty (20) days of the date of service of the initial order.

A copy of the Petition for Review must be mailed to all of the other parties and their representatives at the time the petition is filed. Within (10) ten days after service of the petition for review, any of the other parties may file a response to that petition with the Liquor Control Board. WAC 314-42-095. Copies of the reply must be mailed to all other parties and their representatives at the time the reply is filed.

The administrative record, the Initial Order, and any exceptions filed by the parties will be circulated to the Board members for review. WAC 314-42-095.

Following this review, the Liquor Control Board will enter a final order WAC 314-42-095(4). Within ten days of the service of a final order, any party may file a petition for reconsideration, stating the specific grounds upon which relief is requested. RCW 34.05.470 and WAC 10.08.215.

The final decision of the Liquor Control Board is appealable to the Superior Court under the provisions of RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598.

Certificate of Service

Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Initial Order was mailed on August 9th, 2010, to the following parties:

APPLICANT/LICENSEE:

James Lathrop, Owner
Rolling Thunder Saloon, LLC
3205 148th Ave SE, Suite H
Bellevue, WA 98007

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL:

Gordon Karg
Assistant Attorney General
1125 Washington St SE
PO Box 40100
Olympia, WA 98504-0100

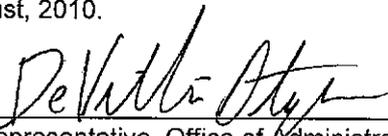
BOARD OFFICES:

Washington State Liquor Control Board
3000 Pacific Avenue
Olympia, WA 98504

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
) ss.
COUNTY OF KING)

I hereby certify that I have this day served a copy of this document upon all parties of record in this proceeding by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed with postage prepaid, to each party to the proceeding or his or her attorney or authorized agent.

DATED at Seattle, Washington, this 9th day of August, 2010.



Representative, Office of Administrative Hearings

RECEIVED

Geary

SEP 02 2010

26 August 2010

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD
BOARD ADMINISTRATION RECEIVED

Office of Administrative Hearings 600 University Street, Suite 1500 Seattle WA 98101-2376

AUG 27 2010

OAH SEATTLE

Sir or Ma'am,

Please note a copy of this letter also mailed to, The Assistant Attorney General, and James Lathrop.

This is regarding OAH Docket No. 2009-Icb-0010 Agency No. 22,878

I am writing to address the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Initial Order.

My name is Nathaniel Lathrop I am 50% owner of the Rolling Thunder Saloon LLC.

I request that this order is reviewed, as I have not had an opportunity to make my case to the court or the Liquor Control Board. I do request a second hearing on my behalf as a 50% owner of the LLC.

Please note, on this above document dated 9 August 2010,

Page 6, first paragraph, Number 5 under Conclusions of Law it states, " This Section does not apply to persons between the ages of Eighteen and Twenty-one years who are participating in a controlled purchase program authorized by the liquor control board under rules adopted by the board."

The individual used in this check, was not between the ages of 18 and 21. This is in violations of the rules through the State and the Liquor Control board.

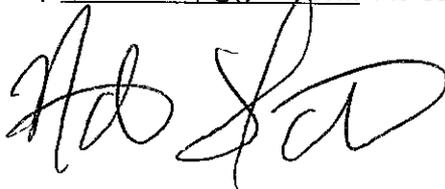
Page 7, paragraph 10 under Conclusions of law

"Therefore, Appellant argues that when "one of the liquor control officers" took two drinks from a beer he was in violation of wac 314-11015(3)(d)" This is not from my personal observation, but from video evidence obtained from the Liquor Control Agents, of the officer drinking on duty.

I strongly feel that employees of the state and particularly liquor control should not be drinking on duty, I have no way to know if that individual was impaired or not. He could have easily ordered a soda, instead of drinking on duty.

Again, as 50% owner, and I have not had an opportunity to state my case, I request that this is looked at again to see if it was a legal and appropriate action under the State Laws and procedures under the Liquor Control board. I request that the court, review this information and drop the fine and violation. If not I would like to have an opportunity to state my case. Thank you. Below is all of my contact info. Please let me know how to proceed.

Nathaniel J Lathrop nate.lathrop@gmail.com 425-330-5341 PO Box 757 Odessa WA 99159





Washington State
Liquor Control Board

September 29, 2010

The Rolling Thunder Saloon, LLC
d/b/a Rolling Thunder Saloon
PO Box 757
Odessa, WA 99159-0757

Gordon Karg, AAG
GCE Division, Office of Attorney General
1125 Washington Street SE
PO Box 40100
Olympia, WA 98504-0100

RE: FINAL ORDER OF THE BOARD
LICENSEE: The Rolling Thunder Saloon, LLC
TRADE NAME: Rolling Thunder Saloon
LOCATION: 13 W 1st Ave, Odessa, WA 99159
LICENSE NO. 351068-40
LCB HEARING NO. 23,878
UBI: 602 777 456 001 0001

Dear Parties:

Enclosed please find a Declaration of Service by Mail and a copy of the Final Order in the above referenced matter.

The applicable monetary penalty is due by October 29, 2010 or suspension will take place on the dates listed in the Final Order

When you are sending in payment, please mail it to the address listed in the Final Order and label the check with your License and Administrative Violation Notice numbers listed above.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (360) 664-1602.

Sincerely,

Kevin McCarroll
Adjudicative Proceedings Coordinator

Enclosures (2)

cc: Amber Harris, WSLCB
Spokane Enforcement and Education Division, WSLCB

PO Box 43076, 3000 Pacific Ave. SE, Olympia WA 98504-3076, (360) 664-1602 www.liq.wa.gov

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2
3 **WASHINGTON STATE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD**

4 IN THE MATTER OF:

LCB NO. 22,878

5 THE ROLLING THUNDER SALOON,
6 LLC
7 d/b/a ROLLING THUNDER SALOON
8 13 W 1ST AVE
9 ODESSA, WA 99159

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY
MAIL

LICENSEE

10 LICENSE NO. 351068-40
11 AVN: 408299A

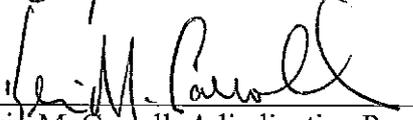
12 I certify that I caused a copy of the FINAL ORDER OF THE BOARD in the above-referenced
13 matter to be served on all parties or their counsel of record by US Mail Postage Prepaid via
14 Consolidated Mail Service for Licensees; by Campus Mail for the Office of Attorney General,
15 on the date below to:

17 THE ROLLING THUNDER SALOON, LLC
18 d/b/a ROLLING THUNDER SALOON
19 PO BOX 757
20 ODESSA, WA 99159-0757

GORDON KARG, ASSISTANT ATTORNEY
GENERAL, GCE DIVISION
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
MAIL STOP 40100

21 THE ROLLING THUNDER SALOON, LLC
22 d/b/a ROLLING THUNDER SALOON
23 3205 148TH AVE SE, STE H
24 BELLEVUE, WA 98007-6262

25 DATED this 29th day of September, 2010, at Olympia, Washington.

26 
Kevin McCarroll, Adjudicative Proceedings Coordinator

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY
MAIL

1

Washington State Liquor Control Board
3000 Pacific Avenue SE
PO Box 43076
Olympia, WA 98504-3076
(360) 664-1602