

## Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board (WSLCB) Certification Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Checklist – Version 2.0

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	ORGANIZATION	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
1.	The laboratory or the organization of which it					
	is a part of shall be an entity that can be held					
	legally responsible.					
2.	The laboratory conducting third-party testing					
	shall have no financial interest in a licensed					
	producer or processor for which testing is					
	being conducted.					
a.	If the laboratory is part of an organization					
	performing activities other than testing and/or					
	calibration, the responsibilities of key					
	personnel in the organization that have an					
	involvement or influence on the testing and/or					
	calibration activities of the laboratory shall be					
	defined in order to identify potential conflicts					
	of interest.					
3.	The laboratory shall have policies and					
	procedures to ensure the protection of its					
	client's confidential information and					
	proprietary rights, including procedures for					
	protecting the electronic storage and					
	transmission of results.					
4.	The laboratory is responsible for all costs of					
	initial certification and ongoing site					
<u> </u>	assessments.					
5.	The laboratory must agree to site assessments					
	every two years to maintain certification.		<u> </u>			
6.	The laboratory must allow WSLCB staff or					
	their representative to conduct physical visits					
	and check I502 related laboratory activities at					
	any time.					

ORGANIZATION	Document Reference	Y	N	NA	Comments
7. The laboratory must report all test results directly into WSLCB's traceability system within twenty-four hours of completion. Labs must also record in the traceability system an acknowledgment of the receipt of samples from producers or processors and verify if any unused portion of the sample was destroyed or returned to the customer.					

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	HUMAN RESOURCES	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
8.	Job descriptions for owners and all employees:					
	Key staff.					
9.	Qualifications of owners and staff: CVs for					
	staff on file.					
a.	Have technical management which has overall					
	responsibility for the technical operations and					
	the provision of the resources needed to ensure					
	the required quality of laboratory operations.					
b.	Documentation that the scientific director					
	meets the requirements of WSLCB rules.					
с.	Chain of command, personnel					
	organization/flow chart, dated and signed by					
	the laboratory director.					
d.	Written documentation of delegation of					
	responsibilities (assigned under chapter 314-					
	55 WAC as related to quality assurance					
	testing) to qualified personnel, signed and					
	dated by the laboratory director.					
e.	Documentation of employee competency:					
	Prior to independently analyzing samples,					
	testing personnel must demonstrate acceptable					
	performance on precision, accuracy,					
	specificity, reportable ranges, blanks, and					
	unknown challenge samples (proficiency					
	samples or internally generated quality					
	controls). Dated and signed by the laboratory					
	director.					
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	HUMAN RESOURCES	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
f.	Designate a quality manager (however named)					
	who, irrespective of other duties and					
	responsibilities, shall have defined					
	responsibility and authority for ensuring that					
	the quality system is implemented and					
	followed; the quality manager shall have direct					
	access to the highest level of management at					
	which decisions are made on laboratory policy					
	or resources.					
10.	Written and documented system detailing the					
	qualifications of each member of the staff.					
a.	The need to require formal qualification or					
	certification of personnel performing certain					
	specialized activities shall be evaluated and					
	implemented where necessary.					
11.	Standard operating procedure manual that					
	details records of internal training provided by					
	facility for staff. Laboratory director must					
	approve, sign and date each procedure.					
a.	Instructions on regulatory inspection and					
	preparedness.					
b.	Instruction on law enforcement interactions.					
с.	Information on U.S. federal laws, regulations,					
	and policies relating to individuals employed					
	in these operations, and the implications of					
	these for such employees.					
d.	Written and documented system of employee					
	training on hazards (physical and health) of					
	chemicals in the workplace, including					
	prominent location of MSDS sheets and the					
	use of appropriate PPE.					
e.	Written and documented system on the					
	competency of personnel on how to handle					
	chemical spills and appropriate action; spill kit					
	onsite and well labeled, all personnel know the					
	location and procedure.					
f.	Information on how employees can access					
	medical attention for chemical or other					
	exposures, including follow up examinations					
	without cost or loss of pay.					
g.	Biosafety and sterile technique training.					

		Document				
	TANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
12.	As appropriate, laboratory operations covered					
	by procedures shall include, but not be limited					
	to, the following:					
a.	Environmental, safety and health activities;					
b.	Sample shipping and receipt;					
с.	Laboratory sample chain of custody and					
	material control;					
d.	Notebooks/logbooks;					
e.	Sample storage;					
f.	Sample preparation;					
g.	Sample analysis;					
h.	Standard preparation and handling;					
i.	Post analysis sample handling;					
j.	Control of standards, reagents and water					
	quality;					
k.	Cleaning of glassware;					
1.	Waste minimization and disposition.					
13.	The following information is required for					
	procedures as appropriate to the scope and					
	complexity of the procedures or work					
	requested:					
a.	Scope (e.g., parameters measured, range,					
	matrix, expected precision, and accuracy);					
b.	Unique terminology used;					
с.	Summary of method;					
d.	Interferences/limitations;					
e.	Approaches to address background					
	corrections;					
f.	Apparatus and instrumentation;					
g.	Reagents and materials;					
h.	Hazards and precautions;					
i.	Sample preparation;					
j.	Apparatus and instrumentation setup;					
k.	Data acquisition system operation;					
1.	Calibration and standardization;					
m.	Procedural steps;					
n.	QC parameters and criteria;					
0.	Statistical methods used;					
р.	Calculations;		1			
q.	Assignment of uncertainty;		1			
r.	Forms used in the context of the procedure.					

	FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	Document Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
14.	Allocation of space: Adequate for number of					
	personnel and appropriate separation of work					
	areas.					
15.	Arrangement of space.					
a.	Allows for appropriate work flow, sampling,					
	lab space separate from office and break areas.					
b.	Employee bathroom is separate from any					
	laboratory area.					
16.	Adequate eyewash/safety showers/sink.					
17.	Procurement controls.					
a.	The laboratory shall have procedure(s) for the					
	selection and purchasing of services and					
	supplies it uses that affect the quality of the					
	tests and/or calibrations. Procedures shall exist					
	for the purchase, receipt and storage of					
	reagents and laboratory consumable materials					
	relevant for the tests and calibrations.					
b.	The laboratory shall ensure that purchased					
	supplies and reagents and consumable					
	materials that affect the quality of tests and/or					
	calibrations are inspected or otherwise verified					
	as complying with standard specifications or					
	requirements defined in the methods for the					
	tests and/or calibrations concerned.					
с.	Prospective suppliers shall be evaluated and					
1	selected on the basis of specified criteria.					
d.	Processes to ensure that approved suppliers					
	continue to provide acceptable items and					
	services shall be established and implemented.					
e.	When there are indications that subcontractors					
	knowingly supplied items or services of					
	substandard quality, this information shall be					
	forwarded to appropriate management for					
18.	action. Utilities.					
	Electrical:					
a. i.	Outlets: Adequate, unobstructed, single use, no					
1.						
ii.	multi-plug adaptors; No extension cords;					
iii.	Ground fault circuit interrupters near wet					
111.	areas.					
b.	Plumbing:					
0. i.	Appropriateness of sink usage: Separate for					
1.	work/personal use;					
L	work/personal use,		1			

	FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	Document Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
ii.	Adequate drainage from sinks or floor drains;					
iii.	Hot and cold running water.					
с.	Ventilation:					
i.	Areas around solvent use or storage of waste					
	solvent;					
ii.	Vented hood for any microbiological analysis					
	Class II Type A biosafety cabinet.					
d.	Vacuum: Appropriate utilities/traps for					
	prevention of contamination.					
e.	Shutoff controls: Located outside of the					
	laboratory.					
19.	Waste disposal: Appropriate for the type of					
	waste and compliant with WAC 314-55-					
	097 Marijuana waste disposal—Liquids and					
	solids.					
20.	Equipment list.					
a.	Equipment and/or systems requiring periodic					
	maintenance shall be identified and records of					
	major equipment shall include:					
i.	Name;					
ii.	Serial number or unique identification;					
iii.	Date received and placed in service;					
iv.	Current location;					
<b>v</b> .	Condition at receipt;					
vi.	Manufacturer's instructions;					
vii.	Date of calibration or date of next calibration;					
viii.	Maintenance;					
ix.	History of malfunction.					
21.	Maintenance.					
a.	Regular preventive maintenance of equipment					
	demonstration in logbook including, but not					
	limited to: Thermometer calibration, pipette					
	calibrations, analytical balances, and analytical					
	equipment. Documentation of a schedule and					
1.	reviewed by the laboratory director.					
b.	Documentation of curative maintenance in					
	logbook, signed and dated by laboratory director.					
c.	Temperature maintenance logbook for refrigerators.					
d.	Decontamination and cleaning procedures for:					
<u>i.</u>	Instruments;					
ii.	Bench space;					
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	FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	Document Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
iii.	Ventilation hood.					
e.	Documentation of adequacy of training of					
	personnel and responsibility for each					
	maintenance task.					
f.	The organization shall describe or reference					
	how periodic preventive and corrective					
	maintenance of measurement or test equipment					
	shall be performed to ensure availability and					
	satisfactory performance of the systems.					
22.	Computer systems.					
a.	Adequate for sample tracking.					
b.	Adequate for analytical equipment software.					
с.	Software control requirements applicable to					
	both commercial and laboratory developed					
	software shall be developed, documented, and					
	implemented.		<u> </u>			
d.	In addition, procedures for software control					
	shall address the security systems for the					
	protection of applicable software.					
e.	For laboratory developed software, a copy of					
	the original program code shall be:					
i.	Maintained;					
ii.	All changes shall include a description of the					
	change, authorization for the change;					
iii.	Test data that validates the change.					
f.	Software shall be acceptance tested when					
	installed, after changes, and periodically					
	during use, as appropriate.					
g.	Testing may consist of performing manual					
	calculations or checking against another					
	software product that has been previously					
h.	tested, or by analysis of standards. The version and manufacturer of the software					
11.	shall be documented.					
i.	Commercially available software may be					
	accepted as supplied by the vendor. For vendor					
	supplied instrument control/data analysis					
	software, acceptance testing may be performed					
	by the laboratory.					
23.	Security.		1			
a.	Written facility security procedures during					
	operating and nonworking hours.					
b.	Roles of personnel in security.					

		Document				
	FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
с.	SOP for controlled access areas and personnel					
	who can access.					
d.	Secured areas for login of sample, and for					
	short and long term storage of samples.					
24.	Storage.					
a.	Appropriate and adequate for sample storage					
	over time. The laboratory shall monitor,					
	control and record environmental conditions as					
	required by the relevant specifications,					
	methods and procedures or where they					
	influence the quality of the results. Due					
	attention shall be paid, for example, to					
	biological sterility, dust, electromagnetic					
	disturbances, humidity, electrical supply,					
	temperature, and sound and vibration levels, as					
	appropriate to the technical activities					
	concerned.					
b.	Adequate storage of chemical reference					
	standards.					
с.	Appropriate storage of any reagents: Fireproof					
	cabinet, separate cabinet for storage of any					
	acids.					
d.	Appropriate safe and secure storage of					
	documents etc., archiving, retrieval of,					
	maintenance of and security of data for a					
	period of three years.					

	QA PROGRAM AND TESTING	Document Reference	Y	N	NA	Comments
25.	Sampling/sample protocols: Written and	Kelerence	1	11		Comments
23.	approved by the laboratory director.					
a.	Demonstrate adequacy of the chain-of-custody					
	tracking upon receipt of sample including all					
	personnel handling the sample.					
b.	Sampling method (representative of an entire					
	batch) including, but not limited to,					
	homogenization, weighing, labeling, sample					
	identifier (source, lot), date and tracking.					
с.	Condition of the sample: Macroscopic and					
	foreign matter inspection - fit for purpose test.					
	Scientifically valid testing methodology:					
	Either AHP monograph compliant, other third-					
	party validation.					

	QA PROGRAM AND TESTING	Document Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
d.	Failed inspection of product: Tracking and					
	reporting.					
e.	Return of failed product documentation and					
	tracking.					
f.	Disposal of used/unused samples					
	documentation.					
g.	Sample preparation, extraction and dilution					
	SOP.					
h.	Demonstration of recovery for samples in					
	various matrices (SOPs):					
i.	Plant material Flower;					
ii.	Edibles (solid and liquid meant to be					
	consumed orally);					
iii.	Topical;					
iv.	Concentrates.					
26.	Data protocols.					
a.	Calculations for quantification of cannabinoid					
	content in various matrices SOPs.					
b.	Determination of the range for reporting the					
	quantity (LOD/LOQ) data review or					
	generation.					
с.	Reporting of data: Certificates of analysis					
	(CA) Clear and standardized format for					
4	consumer reporting.					
d.	Documentation that the value reported in the					
	CA is within the range and limitations of the					
	analytical method. Documentation that qualitative results (those					
e.	below the LOQ but above the LOD) are					
	reported as "trace," or with a nonspecific					
	(numerical) designation.					
f.	Documentation that the methodology has the					
1.	specificity for the degree of quantitation					
	reported. Final reports are not quantitative to					
	any tenths or hundredths of a percent.					
g.	Use of appropriate "controls": Documentation					
0.	of daily use of positive and negative controls					
	that challenge the linearity of the curve; and/or					
	an appropriate "matrix blank" and control with					
	documentation of the performance for each					
	calibration run.					
27.	Chemical assay procedure/methodology.					
28.	Proficiency:		1			

	QA PROGRAM AND TESTING	Document Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
a.	Documentation of use of an appropriate					
	internal standard for any quantitative					
	measurements as applicable to the method.					
b.	Appropriate reference standards for					
	quantification of analytes, performing and					
	documenting a calibration curve with each					
	analysis.					
с.	Demonstration of calibration curve r2 value of					
	no less than 0.995 with a minimum of four					
	points within the range.					
d.	Documentation of any proficiency testing as it					
	becomes available. Laboratory director must					
	review, evaluate and report to the WSLCB any					
	result that is outside the stated acceptable					
20	margin of error.					
29.	Method validation: Scientifically valid testing					
	methodology: Either AHP monograph					
20	compliant, other third-party validation; or					
30.	Level II validation of methodology used for					
	quantification of THC, THCA and CBD for					
	total cannabinoid content (if reporting other					
	cannabinoids, the method must also be					
	validated for those compounds): Single lab validation parameters are					
a.	demonstrated for GC, HPLC data review:					
i.	Linearity of reference standards;					
1. ii.	Use of daily standard curve;					
iii.	Accuracy;					
iv.	Precision;					
V.	Recovery (5 determinations not less than					
v.	90%);					
vi.	Reproducibility over time within a relative					
, 11	standard deviation of 5%.					
b.	Dynamic range of the instrumentation: Limits					
	of quantification (LOQ) and limits of detection					
	(LOD).					
с.	Matrix extensions for each type of product				<u> </u>	
	tested, data review of recovery for:					
i.	Solvent-based extract;					
ii.	CO2 extraction or other "hash oil";		1			
iii.	Extract made with food grade ethanol;		1			
iv.	Extract made with food grade glycerin or					
	propylene glycol;					
v.	Infused liquids;					

		Document Defenses	NZ	NT	NT A	Commente
	QA PROGRAM AND TESTING	Reference	Y	Ν	NA	Comments
vi.	Infused solids;					
vii.	Infused topical preparations;					
viii.	Other oils, butter or fats.					
d.	Presence of QC samples and recording of daily					
	testing.					
e.	Appropriate use of an internal reference standard.					
f.	Daily monitoring of the response of the					
	instrument detection system.					
31.	Other methods.					
a.	Microbiological methods fit for purpose.					
b.	Microbial contaminants within limits of those					
0.	listed in the most recent AHP monograph and					
	otherwise directed by WSLCB.					
с.	Moisture content testing fit for purpose.					
	Scientifically valid testing methodology:					
	Either AHP monograph compliant, other third-					
	party validation.					
d.	Solvent residuals testing fit for purpose;					
	solvent extracted products made with class 3 or					
	other solvents used are not to exceed 500 parts					
	per million (PPM) per one gram of solvent					
	based product and are to be tested.					
e.	Any other QA/QC methods is proven to be fit					
	for purpose.					
32.	Laboratory notebooks.					
a.	Legible and in ink (or computerized system).					
b.	Signed and dated.					
с.	Changes initialed and dated.					
d.	Periodically reviewed and signed by a					
	management representative.					
33.	Preventive/corrective action.					
a.	The laboratory shall have a process in place to					
	document quality affecting					
	preventive/corrective actions through					
	resolution.					
34.	Periodic management review.					
a.	Laboratory management shall periodically					
	review its quality system and associated					
	procedures to evaluate continued adequacy.					
	This review shall be documented.					